2016 AAPM Spring Clinical Meeting Clinical MRI Safety Saturday, March 6, 2015: 2-4 PM

Model MRI Safety Program

The University Hospitals / Case Western Reserve Experience

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Disclosure

No relevant disclosures

Objectives for Today

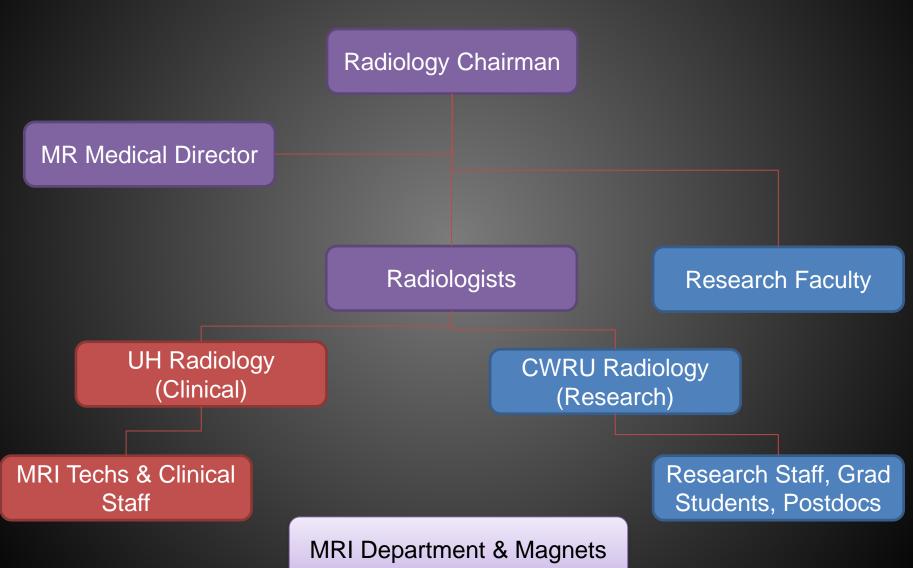
To describe:

- History of program and current status
- Real-world challenges (and solutions) when implementing ACR MR safety guidelines

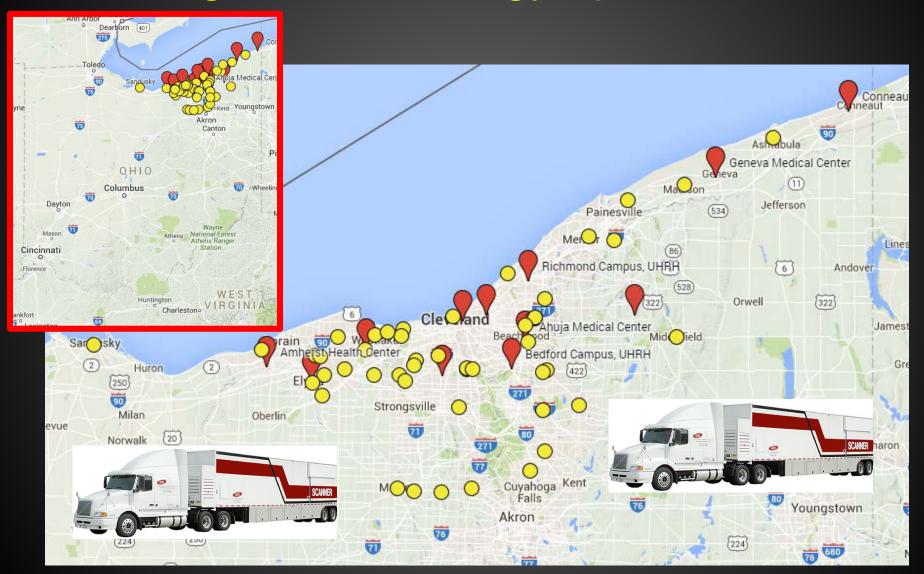
Limitations

- Insufficient time to discuss all aspects of comprehensive program General approach: address all recommendations of:
- ACR Guidance Document on MR Safe Practices
- ACR Manual on Contrast Media

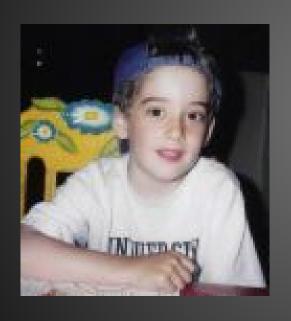
Organization of our MR program:



UH Regional Radiology operations:



Michael Colombini (2001)





Fatal injury: strike from ferrous O2 tank

2003: Wheelchair and Oxygen tank







2003: Floor Buffer machine



2007: IV Pole



2011: Laundry Hamper





2013: IV Pole





2011-2015: Stepping Up Our Program

Zone 3 & 4 Access Control

Training for "visiting" personnel

Screening cooperation with inpatient units

Master policy & program for the health system

Medical physicist safety audits

Program Authority and Leadership

ACR Guideline:

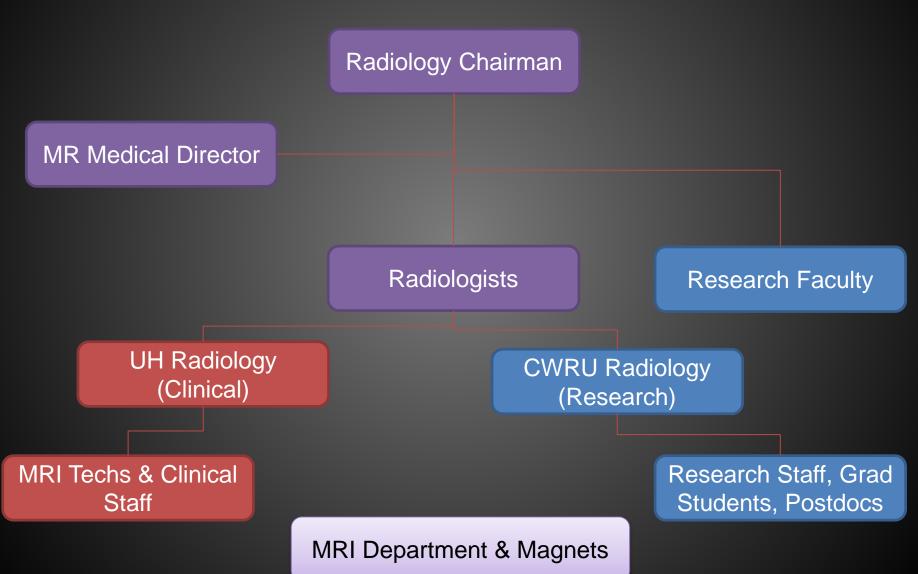
MR Medical Director has ultimate responsibility for content and implementation of MR safety program

Facility/Institution Structure:

Senior leadership must provide this individual with authority, resources, and support

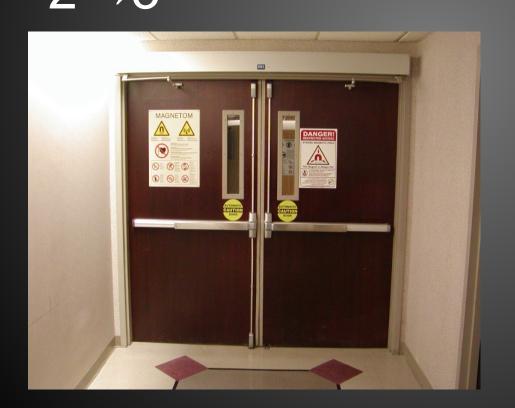
E.g.: Radiology Chair, hospital COO and CMO, management of other sites 16

Organization of our MR program:



Access Control

Physical security (RFID swipe card access) passing from Zone 2→3





Access Control

Administrative security:

RFID system separate from hospital swipe card system;

Swipe cards issued by MRI manager directly

Individual access to Zone 3 on "need" basis only

"Visiting Staff"

Patients accompanied by:

Nursing, anesthesia, sedation, respiratory therapy, medical students and residents

Source of numerous small missile incidents and "near hits"

Chaotic environment in shared control area (5 magnets)

"Visiting Staff" Training

Level 1 MR safety training developed BY and FOR each individual area

Review/approval by MRI department

Departments tasked to train ALL staff, OR designate Level 1 trained personnel to come to MRI

MR Room "Time Out" Procedure

Carried out by MRI techs for ANYONE entering room (Zone 3→4)

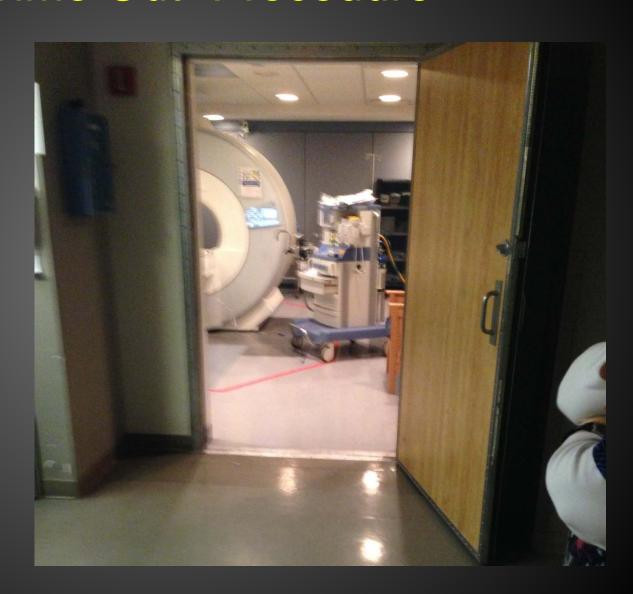
Secondary check: everyone should ALREADY be screened

"Fix" for visiting staff who need to bring unsafe items into Zone 3.

MR Room "Time Out" Procedure

Checklist posted at each magnet room entrance door

FMD handwand check



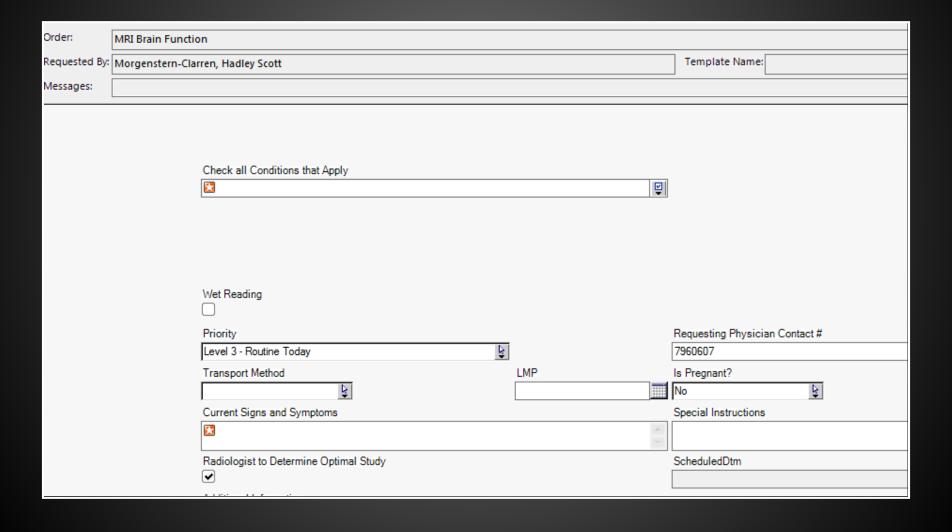
Ongoing Challenge: MRI Tech Staffing

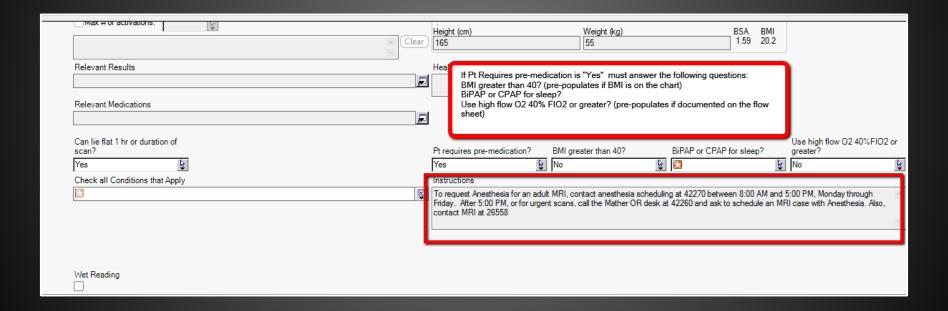
ACR recommends minimum of two Level 2 personnel in the "Zone 2 through 4 area" when scanning...

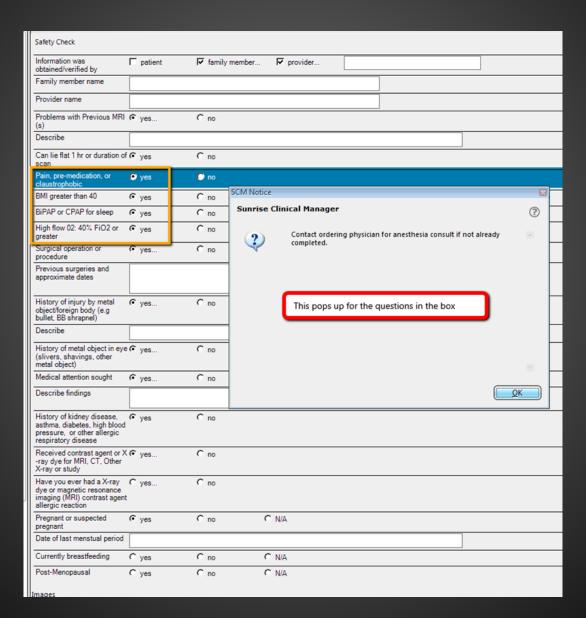
- Are 5 techs / 5 magnets enough?
- For satellites, which non-tech staff can truly be trained to assist? Where do they sit?

Inpatient Screening

- ACR requires screening to be carried out by 2 trained individuals
- For inpatients, nursing and referring physicians have best knowledge of patients' allergies, medical/surgical history, implants
- Extra concerns for anesthesia







- Training for nurses and ordering MD's developed by each department / unit with review/approval by Radiology
- Training for screening and order entry delivered via electronic LMS module
- EMR roll-out team effort between Radiology, EMR/IT, individual nursing divisions

Patient Screening

- EMR entry flags issues requiring clinical consults with Radiologist, Anesthesia, Cardiology, etc.
- Implants are flagged for Technologist/Radiologist review
- 2nd screening performed by Technologist when patient arrives

Master MR Safety Policy

POLICY & PROCEDURE



SA-8 - Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MRI) Safety

Key Points

- . Screening tools are used to determine safe access to MRI areas.
- Staff are required to support MRI imaging by maintaining pertinent, content specific department training programs.
- Specific levels of training are required before entering different MRI zones.
- High field magnets are always on, therefore no metal items are permitted in the magnet room.

Policy & Procedure

- There are high field MRI imaging systems located within our academic, community
 and outpatient facilities. Due to the risk involved in these environments, there is a
 safety program. Staff education and training is conducted based on location,
 position or job assignment. There is a patient screening process and a staff
 screening process to enhance the workplace safety within the MRI areas. This
 policy is based on the American College of Radiology Guidance Document on MR
 Safe Practices: 2013
- It is recommended that individuals who frequent the MRI suite have MRI safety training. The areas include but are not limited to the following:
 - 2.1. MRI Staff including Radiologists.
 - 2.2. Neurology.
 - 2.3. Transporters.
 - 2.4. Environmental Services.
 - 2.5. Protective Services.
 - 2.6. Local Fire Department.
 - 2.7. Nursing.
 - 2.8. Ane sthe sia.
 - 2.9. Research.
- Content of training curriculum beyond basic MRI safety Level 1 training varies by responsibility and is determined by individual departments.

SAB – Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MRI) Safety
Owner: Radiology Department
New May 2015
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Uncontrolled document - printed version only reliable for 24 hours

Approved May 2015

Standardized expectations for MR safety practices for all facilities

Provides "teeth" for Radiology safety efforts

System MR Safety Roll-Out

Departmental procedures from academic center used as "templates"

Monthly coordination meetings with MR managers and lead techs

Roles of community hospital radiologists clarified, System MR Medical Director designated

Medical Physicist MR Safety Audits

Required by ACR MR accreditation program as part of scanner annual surveys

Added to Program Requirements 28-OCT-2013

ACR-standard forms released 17-APR-2014

Medical Physicist MR Safety Audits

Helpful to facilitate system-wide safety program roll-out:

- Small group of experts familiar with all facilities and programs
- Identify problems at individual sites
- Share/spread good practices among sites

Summary

- 1. MRI safety in a large, complex organization requires cooperation from many departments outside Radiology
- 2. Incidents and near-hits can raise deeper safety concerns and systematic issues
- 3. IT tools can help automate key steps in the MRI screening process

Summary

- 4. Safety training for Level 1 and 2 MR Personnel should be tailored to individuals' specific roles and duties
- 5. The fewer people in Zone 3, the better
- 6. Medical physicists have a key role in MRI safety; must be involved, but can't do it alone

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Questions?
Comments?
Feedback?

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