

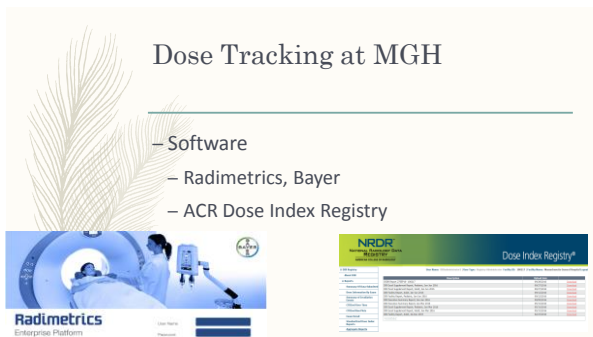
How Dose Tracking
Affected Protocol
Optimization in a
Tertiary-Quaternary
Healthcare Center

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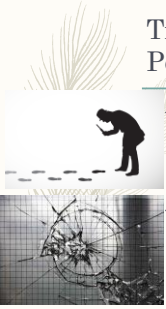


Dose Tracking at MGH

- Software
- Radimetrics, Bayer
- ACR Dose Index Registry



Tracking and Cracking: Personnel



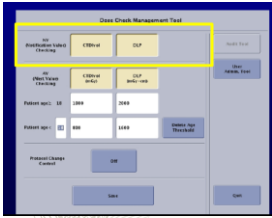
- Medical Physicist (PhD: Lead)
 - Dose tracking (Radimetrics)
 - ACR DIR
- CT Quality Assurance Manager (RTR - CT)
 - Protocol maintenance

ADULTS.....CT

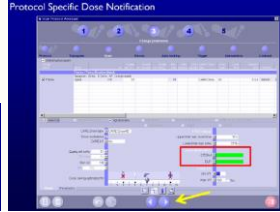
| | CTDI vol Notification Value |
|---|--------------------------------|
| Head | 80 (16 cm) |
| Neck AND C -Spine | 30 (32 cm) |
| Neck CTA | 50 (32 cm) |
| Abdomen-Pelvis AND L-Spine | 30 (32 cm) |
| Chest AND T-Spine | 30 (32 cm) |
| Extremities | 30 (32 cm) |
| Brain Perfusion | 600 (16 cm) |
| Cardiac/Vascular Prospective (sequential) | 50 (32 cm) |
| Cardiac/Vascular Retrospective (spiral) | 150 (32 cm) |

Children.... CT

| | CTDI vol Notification Value |
|---|--------------------------------|
| Abdomen-Pelvis AND L. Spine | 20 (32 cm) |
| Chest- T. Spine | 20 (32 cm) |
| Extremities | 20 (32 cm) |
| Head | 40 (16 cm) |
| Neck AND Spine | 40 (16 cm) |
| Cardiac/Vascular Prospective (sequential) | 50 (32 cm) |



Scanner Notification



Dose Notification

Dose Notification Value CTDIvol: mGy

Dose Notification Value DLP: mGy*cm

Reports



- Weekly/Quarterly review of Dose tracking
 - Medical Physicist
 - CT QA manager
- Quarterly review of Doses from ACR DIR
 - Medical physicist
 - Radiology Quality and Safety Committee

Issues with Reports: Radiologists



- Abdominal
- Cardiac and Vascular
- Emergency
- Chest
- Neuroradiology – Separate personnel for Adults & Children
- Pediatrics
- Musculoskeletal

High Frequency Issues

MGH Imaging CT Dose Quarterly Review Report

For high dose body cases, three major challenges:

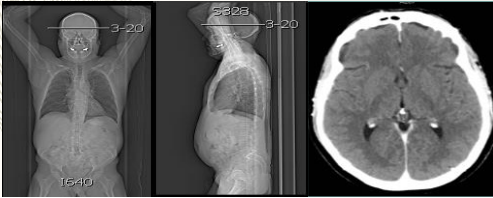
1. CTA NECK W/DELAYS 9/2015 (CT1Y6): shoulders included for TCM.
2. Myelogram: clinically challenging cases.
3. Pelvis hardware.
4. Bariatric patients

Protocols needing modification from this review:

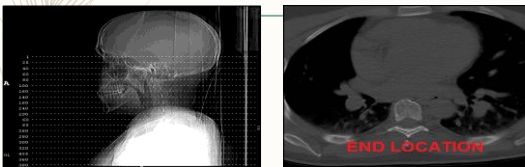
1. CT1Y6 - cap the mA on the CTA head and neck at 550 mA
2. Increase notification level to 45 mGy on the Myelograms wo hardware and 60 mGy with hardware
3. Pelvis hardware (CT4B2, CT1W1, CT1WA AND CT1NS) - Change the Rotation Time to 0.6 seconds

| Scan | kV | mA | / ref. | CTDIvol ^a mGy | DLP mGycm | TI s | CSL mm |
|-----------------------|-----|-----------|--------|-----------------------------|--------------|---------|-----------|
| Patient Position F-SP | | | | | | | |
| 1 Topogram | 120 | 35 mA | | 0.13 L | 12.7 | 0.5 | 0.8 |
| 2 Topogram | 120 | 35 mA | | 0.13 L | 13.2 | 0.5 | 0.8 |
| 3 Contrast | 100 | 80 / 134 | | 9.88 L | 154.7 | 0.5 | 0.8 |
| 4 CA ABD/PEL | 100 | 181 / 275 | | 8.95 L | 309.1 | 0.5 | 0.8 |
| 5 Contrast | 120 | 501 / 215 | | 93.89 0 | 1537.4 | 1.0 | 0.8 |
| 6 SPRAIN | | | | | | | |

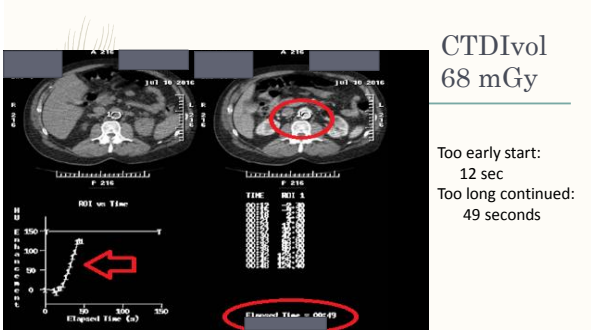
Dose Notification for Head CT



Cervical Spine (CTDI vol 36 mGy)?



Too long cervical spine CT
Large patient with large shoulders
Dose modulation or AEC



CT Dose Monitoring

— Physics & CT QC teams: Quarterly Dose Review

| Date | Scanner | CTDIvol | DLP | Comments | Action |
|-----------|---------|---------|--------|---|--|
| 6/1/2016 | CT2W1 | 99.0 | 1969.5 | Siemens Software Glitch | Education/ Ensure to have lateral topogram without cutoff |
| 6/9/2016 | CT2W1 | 95.1 | 2005.7 | Bariatric patients | N/A |
| 6/7/2016 | CT2W1 | 109.4 | 3617.8 | Large shoulders in the topogram | Consider to use fixed technique for head |
| 6/9/2016 | CT1Y6 | 105.4 | 1024.6 | | Further review. |
| 6/13/2016 | CT2B2 | 95.1 | 1785.0 | Used fixed technique | Should use AEC |
| 6/13/2016 | CT1NS | 83.6 | 3613.1 | Fixed technique too high | Lower the fixed technique |
| 6/14/2016 | CT2W1 | 94.6 | 2023.2 | Large shoulders in the topogram | Consider to use fixed technique for head |
| 6/16/2016 | CT1WA2 | 89.0 | 3686.2 | Tabletop head, scout with arms, AEC should use fixed technique, Education | |
| 6/18/2016 | CT2W1 | 115.1 | 3851.8 | Patient moved after topogram | Education/ retopo after patient being moved |
| 7/26/2016 | CT1NS | 80.9 | 3497.7 | Feet first technique too high | Consider to use fixed technique for tabletop feet first head |
| 8/13/2016 | PETCT16 | 89.1 | 3083.0 | Used AEC | Should use fixed technique |
| 8/13/2016 | CT1W1 | 101.8 | 3411.2 | | Further review of protocol |
| 8/19/2016 | CT2W1 | 92.5 | 1877.3 | Siemens Software Glitch | Education/ Ensure to have lateral topogram without cutoff |
| 8/20/2016 | CT2W1 | 84.7 | 1600.3 | Large shoulders in the topogram | Consider to use fixed technique for head |
| 8/21/2016 | CT2W1 | 99.4 | 1747.6 | Siemens Software Glitch | Education/ Ensure to have lateral topogram without cutoff |



Lessons on Managing Dose

- Continuous dose monitoring while maintaining quality
- Tailoring radiation dose to clinical indication
- Adapting doses to patient body habitus
- CT radiation dose will exceed the notification values and certainly can be higher than DRLs

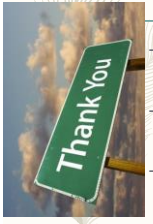
Reference: Kalra MK et al. CT Radiation: Key Concepts for Gentle and Wise Use. Radiographics. 2015 Oct;35(6):1706-21.

Summary from MGH Dose Tracking



- **Boss is always right**
 - Medical physicists better at tracking than MD
 - Dose tracking and optimization are dynamic and ongoing
- **Teamwork is a must**
 - Team work: Medical Physicist (lead), CT RTR, Radiologists
- **Dose tracking is the right thing to do**
 - Helps identify issues
 - Helps fix issues (some)
 - Not all problems are fixable! !

Acknowledgement



- Medical Physicists at MGH
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 - Cristy Savage, CT QA manager
- CT protocols in-charge radiologists
