Mentee and Mentor Roles: Transitioning from Mentee to Mentor in Academic Centers

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My Background

My Medical Physics Career Path

- A graduate student: Medical Physics PhD, University of Wisconsin Madison (2004-2008)
- A junior faculty: Assistant Professor, University of Wisconsin Madison and The Ohio State University (2008-2015)
- A mid-career faculty: Associate
 Professor, University of California Davis
 (2015-present)

Major Milestones

My roles as both mentor and mentee

- Growing from a graduate student to a junior faculty
- From a junior faculty to a mid-career faculty



What is your experience in mentoring?

- Transitioning from a student/resident to a young clinical faculty
- Mixed roles: A mentor, but also a mentee
- What are mentoring styles of your previous mentors?
 - Provide opportunities and step back
 - Mix of hands-on and hands off
- What is your current mentoring style(s)?
- Is it working?







What defines a good mentor?

- Different roles in an academic setting:
 - Teaching: therapists, dosimetrists, residents, students, especially fellow faculty physicists/MD
 - Sponsoring: students that contacted you, colleagues you have met or collaborated with
 - What about mentoring?
- A good mentor in an academic setting...
 - Set career goals, help set priorities, and inspire
 - Provide honest feedback for accomplishments
 - Available but not omnipresent
 - Provide access to resources and emotional support
 - Act as an advocate with administration

Expert

Sponsor

Mentor



What are Key Elements of Mentoring

- Aligning Expectations and Defining Responsibilities
- Maintaining Effective Communication and Assessing Understanding
- Promoting Professional Development and Fostering Independence
- Managing Conflicts, Addressing Diversity and Inclusion



子曰:三人行,必有我师焉

When I walk along with two others, they may serve me as my teachers. —Confucius

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Form a mentor/mentee agreement

- Basic agreement
 - Time commitment
 - Keep conversations confidential
 - Be honest, direct and respectful to each other
- Defining responsibilities and aligning expectations
 - Establish responsibilities and expectations of mentors and mentees



Prescribing style

	As a mentor and a mentee in the UC Davis schools of health faculty mentor abide by the following set of guidelines:	ring program, we agree to		
	 Commit to making the time to meet on a regular basis. Keep the content of our conversations confidential. Practice active listening. Provide each other with honest, direct and respectful feedback. Other (please specify) 			
1.	1. Check the topics to be addressed in mentoring sessions Teaching Research Clinical care Service Leadership 1. Check the topics to be addressed in mentoring sessions Additional mentors Self development Networking Work/life balance	☐ Teaching ☐ Additional mentors ☐ Research ☐ Self development ☐ Clinical care ☐ Networking ☐ Service ☐ Work/life balance		
2.	Circle the frequency of meetings for this year			
	□ Weekly □ Bi-monthly □ Monthly □ Quarterly □	Other		
	Contact number(s) for scheduling			
	□ None □ Updated CV (new additions highlighted) □ Outline of topics to be discussed □ Other (please specify)			
4.	Please discuss, edit, and check the expectations for this mentoring relationship Responsibilities of Mentor(s). (If have multiple mentors, place initials of each mentor associated with each: Help set priorities to achieve academic advancement Provide assessment and formative feedback for accomplishments; help plan 'next steps' Encourage creativity and broader thinking Provide emotional support Act as an advocate Actively address any problems with mentorship relationship Other (please specify)			
	Responsibilities of Mentee: Understand the academic series; review career with Department the Associate Dean for Academic Personnel, when needed Provide personal goals, priorities, and updates File simple post-meeting reports with DMD/CMD (include topics include accomplishments, joys, frustration, and self-evaluation) Recognize when and how often mentoring input is needed and Actively address any problems with mentorship relationship	discussed, goals, and may		

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Setting Goals

- Setting specific goals based on mentor/mentee expectations
 - Short term / long term goals
 - Target timelines, milestones
 - Allocate time and effort
 - Offer suggestions and feedbacks, i.e. skills, knowledge needed, introduce collaborators, etc.
- Individual Development Plan (IDP)
 - A planning process
 - Better communication
 - Assessing understanding
 - Can be modified or adaptive to changes

1. Name	
2. Date	
3. Primary Mentor	
Additional Mentor(s)	
Additional Mentor(s)	

4. Identify Personal and Institutional Long Term Goals (expand space as needed)

What are your long-term (3-5 years) career gbals?

List any longer term (5-10 years) career goals.

List your Academic Series requirements (see Academic Criteria for Series)

Advisory
Pace setting
Active listening
Friendship



Individual Development Plan

- IDP Contents
 - Long term goals (5-10years)
 - Short term goals (1 year)
 - Areas of focus and specific goals in focus areas
 - Optimal distribution of effort
- Mentor's Review Process
 - Provide feedback, help revise
 - Provide assistance, help achieve goals
 - Routine meetings to discuss progress and challenge



Mentor-Mentee Relationship

- Effective communication and clear understanding
 - Engage in active listening, use non-verbal expressions
 - Paraphrasing to check for understanding
 - Summarizing
 - Provide constructive feedback
 - Self-disclosure
 - Confrontation
 - Multi-strategies for improving communication (in person, email, group discussion, coffee break, etc.
 - Consider personal boundaries
 - Too much of negativity, complaints

Advisory
Corporative
Active listening
Friendship



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Professional Development

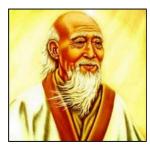
- Be clear on career goals:
 - Academic centers, community or private hospitals, industry, etc.
 - Location, country, etc.
- Define a career path
 - Master or PhD
 - ABR and residency
 - Act as an advocate, setting up connections and collaborations
- Expectations from both mentor and mentee
 - Research and manuscripts
 - Clinical trainings
 - Professional committees

Advisory Corporative Pace-setting



Foster Independence

- Give directions and driving tips, not to drive the car.
- Strategies
 - Seminars, topic discussion, journal club
 - Identify a clinical problem, find solution, what data needs to collect, publication
 - Meet regularly and ensure the team is aware of progress...
 peer-pressure is the key
- Challenges
 - Conflicts in time: clinical training or research?
 - Writing challenges
 - Possibility of making mistakes



Avoid too much prescribing
More Letting-go

授人以鱼不如授人以渔—老子 Give a man a fish, he'll eat for a day. Teach a man to fish, he'll eat for life. — Lao Tzu

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Managing Dilemmas and Conflicts

- As a mentor, there may be conflicts between you and your mentees, or within your mentees, or your mentees with others
- Examples: family issues, language barriers, clinical duties, authorship on a paper, etc.
- Strategies:
 - Learn to identify and engage with diverse perspectives
 - Proactively apply different mentoring styles



The Joys of Teaching

- Successful mentor-mentee relationship is a win-win
 - Mentor: Learn from teaching, improve reputation, grow leadership skills, advancement in academic ladder
 - Mentees: Learn, improve, career development
- The Key to a successful mentor-mentee relationship: be respectful to each other!
- Negative moments and emotions...
- Being a mentor and also a mentee for junior or mid-level faculties: better understanding and more grateful





So if you're asking me what to do with all this knowledge you're accumulating, I say... Pass it on...

—Professor Norman

Thank you