

ASTRO/APEX
Accreditation Program for Excellence
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Goal for today

- ▶ To dissect APEX assessment evidence indicators into three sources of data and build understanding of its process from surveyor's as well as preparer's perspective.

APEX Assessment

- ▶ Ensures radiation oncology practice (ROP) has *appropriate* systems and processes in place (systems, personnel, policies and procedures)
- ▶ Built on specific standards of performance derived from white papers and consensus practice guidance of radiation oncology

APEx Standards -16 standards in 5 pillars

- ▶ The process of care (1-3)
 - ▶ Patient evaluation, Tx planning, patient specific safety interventions
- ▶ RO team (4-6)
 - ▶ Staff roles and responsibilities, qualifications, safe staffing
- ▶ Safety (7-9)
 - ▶ Culture, radiation safety, emergency preparation
- ▶ QM (10-13)
 - ▶ Facility and equipment, Information system, Tx procedures and modalities, peer review
- ▶ Patient centered care (14-16)
 - ▶ Patient consent, education, performance measurement and outcome reporting

APEx Evidence Indicators (EIs)

- ▶ 63 EIs and their sub EIs measured by
 - ▶ Medical record abstraction
 - ▶ Document upload
 - ▶ Facility visit/Site interview
- ▶ Mandatory EIs
- ▶ Primary and secondary measurement methods

Outline

- ▶ Data source 1: Documentation upload
- ▶ Data source 2: Medical records abstraction
- ▶ Data source 3: Site interview
- ▶ A preparer and surveyor's experience and tips

Data Source 1: Documentation upload

- ▶ Standard 3: Patient-Specific Safety Interventions and Safe Practices in Treatment Preparation and Delivery
 - ▶ 3.1.1 The ROP verifies patient identity
 - ▶ 3.4.1-3.4.1.2 The ROP follows written standard operating procedures (SOP) for each treatment modalities (Mandatory)
- ▶ Standard 4: Staff Roles and Accountabilities
 - ▶ 4.1.1a-4.2.1 The ROP has job descriptions
- ▶ Standard 5: Qualifications and ongoing training of staff
 - ▶ 5.1.1-5.1.6 All team members possess or eligible for licensure and/or certification
 - ▶ 5.2.1 For each discipline the ROP defines a process and a timeline for individuals not certified (Mandatory)
- ▶ Standard 6: Safe Staffing plan (6.1.1-6.5.1)

Data Source 1: Documentation upload

- ▶ Standard 7: The ROP has a patient safety program (various SOP requirements)
- ▶ Standard 8: Radiation Safety program
 - ▶ 8.1.1 Requirements by the NRC, Agreement State, and/or locality (Mandatory)
 - ▶ 8.2.1 Radiation exposure monitoring system (Mandatory)
 - ▶ 8.3.1 Annual radiation safety training (Mandatory)
 - ▶ 8.4.1 Pre-and post-treatment radiation surveys for brachytherapy procedures (Mandatory)
 - ▶ 8.5.1 Imaging protocols for simulation and treatment
- ▶ Standard 9: Written plan for emergencies
- ▶ Standard 10: The ROP provides radiation shielding, simulation SOP, and infection control SOP
- ▶ Standard 11: Information system map and SOPs

Data Source 1: Documentation upload

- ▶ Standard 12: QM of Treatment Procedures
 - ▶ 12.2 Processes for maintaining system
 - ▶ 12.2.1 Routine PMI
 - ▶ 12.2.2 SOP for reinstating clinical use status
 - ▶ 12.2.3 SOP when data deviates from expected findings
 - ▶ 12.3 Record review and trend analysis
 - ▶ 12.4 External validation of machine output accuracy (Mandatory)
 - ▶ 12.4.1 Prior to clinical use
 - ▶ 12.4.2 At least annually for photons and protons and every two years for electrons

Data Source 1: Documentation upload

- ▶ Standard 13: Peer Review of Clinical Processes
 - ▶ Peer review program (*Mandatory*)
- ▶ Standard 14
 - ▶ 14.1 Patient consent (*Mandatory*)
 - ▶ 14.2 Communication with patient
- ▶ Standard 15: Patient Education
- ▶ Standard 16: Performance Measurement and Outcomes Reporting
 - ▶ Patient complaints

Outline

- ▶ Data source 1: Documentation upload
- ▶ Data source 2: Medical records abstraction
- ▶ Data source 3: Site interview
- ▶ A preparer and surveyor's experience and tips

Data Source 2: Medical Record Abstraction

- ▶ Standard 1: Patient evaluation, care coordination and follow up
 - ▶ 1.1 Patient evaluation is documented by the radiation oncologist prior to initiation of treatment (*Mandatory*)
 - ▶ 1.1.1 History
 - ▶ Patient history
 - ▶ Current medication name and dose
 - ▶ Implantable cardiac devices (ICD): type, implant date and plan of care pertaining to and the ICD
 - ▶ Pregnancy status
 - ▶ Allergies
 - ▶ Previous radiation therapy history
 - ▶ 1.1.2 Review of systems
 - ▶ 1.1.3 Physical examination findings

Data Source 2: Medical Record Abstraction

- ▶ **Standard 1: Patient evaluation, care coordination and follow up**
 - ▶ 1.1 Patient evaluation is documented by the radiation oncologist prior to initiation of treatment (Mandatory)
 - ▶ 1.1.4 Pathology review
 - ▶ 1.1.5 Staging and metastatic disease
 - ▶ 1.1.6 Laboratory findings
 - ▶ 1.1.7 Imaging studies
 - ▶ 1.1.8 Pain intensity assessment
 - ▶ Pain management plan
 - ▶ 1.1.9 Initial plan of care
 - ▶ 1.1.10 Radiation oncologist's signature and date

Data Source 2: Medical Record Abstraction

- ▶ **Standard 1: Patient evaluation, care coordination and follow up**
 - ▶ 1.2 Patient direct evaluation is provided by the radiation oncologist at least once every five patient treatment
 - ▶ 1.2.1 Review of cumulative lifetime dose delivered; 1.2.2 Patient examination; 1.2.3 Assessment of tolerance and response to treatment; 1.2.4 Pain intensity assessment and pain management plan and 1.2.5 Radiation oncologist's signature and date
 - ▶ 1.3 Post treatment summary
 - ▶ 1.3.1 Site of treatment; 1.3.2 Dose per fraction; 1.3.3 cumulative dose delivered; 1.3.4 treatment data ranges; 1.3.5 Cumulative systemic therapy; 1.3.6 Assessment of tolerance and response to treatment; 1.3.7 Pain management plan; 1.3.8 Follow-up plan and 1.3.9 Radiation oncologist's signature and date
 - ▶ 1.4 Coordination of care and communication
 - ▶ The ROP communicates with other involved providers (within four weeks)
 - ▶ 1.5 Patient follow up (within four months)

Data Source 2: Medical Record Abstraction

- ▶ **Standard 2: Treatment Planning**
 - ▶ 2.1 The treatment planning process is based on the data from a simulation procedure
 - ▶ 2.1.1 written simulation directive of a radiation oncologist
 - ▶ 2.1.2 simulation directive includes patient positioning, immobilization
 - ▶ Verification of accurate information transfer from simulation to TPS
 - ▶ 2.2 Documented, patient-specific planning directive
 - ▶ 2.3 (Mandatory) Formal treatment prescription that includes
 - ▶ 2.3.1 Anatomic treatment sites; 2.3.2 Type and method of radiation treatment delivery; 2.3.3 Energy; 2.3.4 Total dose; 2.3.5 Dose per fraction; 2.3.6 Number of fractions; 2.3.7 Frequency of treatment; 2.3.8 Imaging guidance to be used during the course of radiation treatment; 2.3.9 Radiation oncologist's signature and date prior to initiation of treatment

Data Source 2: Medical Record Abstraction

- ▶ Standard 3: Patient-Specific Safety Interventions and Safe Practices in Treatment Preparation and Delivery
 - ▶ 3.2 (Mandatory) Timeout prior to every patient procedure (Secondary: Interview)
 - ▶ 3.2.1 Verification of patient identity using at least two patient-specific identifiers
 - ▶ 3.2.2 Verification of patient treatment site
 - ▶ 3.2.3 Verification of patient positioning
 - ▶ 3.2.4 Verification of treatment delivery parameters
 - ▶ 3.3 A medical physicist performs an end-of-treatment review within one week

Data Source 2: Medical Record Abstraction

- ▶ Standard 3: Patient-Specific Safety Interventions and Safe Practices in Treatment Preparation and Delivery
 - ▶ 3.5 (Mandatory) A medical physicist initial review before treatment
 - ▶ 3.5.1 Plan compared to prescription
 - ▶ 3.5.2 Verification of dosimetric results
 - ▶ 3.5.3 IMRT QA
 - ▶ 3.6 (Mandatory) A medical physicist performs periodic checks at least every five fractions
 - ▶ 3.6.1 Accuracy of treatment delivery
 - ▶ 3.6.2 Accuracy of treatment setup parameters

Data Source 2: Medical Record Abstraction

- ▶ Standard 14: Patient Consent
 - ▶ 14.1 (Mandatory) Informed patient consent
 - ▶ 14.1.1 Information regarding risks and benefits of radiation therapy
 - ▶ 14.1.2 Obtaining consent before the simulation
 - ▶ 14.1.3 Verifying consent is within 60 days prior to treatment
 - ▶ 14.1.4 Date and signature from the radiation oncologist
- ▶ Standard 15: Patient Education
 - ▶ 15.1 Assesses patient education needs before treatment begins and at least one time during the course of treatment
 - ▶ 15.2 The ROP educates patients on
 - ▶ 15.2.1 Treatment options; 15.2.2 The intent of treatment and what to expect in the treatment process; 15.2.3 Management of treatment side effects (pain, skin care, weight loss and self-care)

Outline

- ▶ Data source 1: Documentation upload
- ▶ Data source 2: Medical records abstraction
- ▶ Data source 3: Site interview
- ▶ A preparer and surveyor's experience and tips

Data Source 3: Site Interview

- ▶ Standard 1: Patient Evaluation, Care Coordination and Follow-up (*team*)
 - ▶ 1.4.3 Multidisciplinary review program, such as tumor board (*Mandatory*)
- ▶ Standard 3: Culture of Safety
 - ▶ 3.2 Mandatory components of a timeout prior to every patient procedure (*Mandatory team*)
 - ▶ 3.2.1 Verification of patient identity using at least two patient specific identifiers
 - ▶ 3.2.2 Verification of patient treatment site
 - ▶ 3.2.3 Verification of patient positioning
 - ▶ 3.2.4 Verification of treatment delivery parameters
 - ▶ Describe your timeout process
 - ▶ 3.3 End of treatment review of medical record within one week of the completion of therapy (*physicist*)
 - ▶ What steps do you take to close out a treatment records

Data Source 3: Site Interview

- ▶ Standard 3: Culture of Safety
 - ▶ 3.4 written clinical/patient treatment SOPs for each treatment modality (*Mandatory*) (*physicist and team*)
 - ▶ 3.4.1-3.4.12 2D/3D, IMRT, IGRT, IORT, SRS, SBRT, Brachytherapy, Electronic brachytherapy, Unsealed radioactive sources, Hyperthermia, Proton, All others
 - ▶ Who is responsible for daily QA?
 - ▶ How do you know that the daily QA has been performed and passed
- ▶ Standard 5: Qualifications and Ongoing Training of Staff (*team*) review the documentation
 - ▶ 5.4.1 initial training, orientation and job-specific competency testing process for each team member (*Mandatory*)

Data Source 3: Site Interview

▶ Standard 5: Qualifications and Ongoing Training of Staff (*team*) review the documentation

- ▶ 5.7 Ongoing staff training and competency testing
 - ▶ 5.7.1 Annual staff training and competency testing
 - ▶ 5.7.2 New equipment and/or procedures
 - ▶ 5.7.3 Training and competency testing on the use of treatment machine
 - ▶ 5.7.4 Training for patients with special needs

Data Source 3: Site Interview

▶ Standard 7: Culture of Safety (*team*)

- ▶ 7.1 Policy and procedure on patient safety (*Mandatory*)
 - What do you do if you have a safety concern?
 - ▶ 7.1.1 Articulates the ROP's approach to patient safety
 - ▶ 7.1.2a Specifies the patient safety incidents are to be reported and tracked within the ROP
 - ▶ 7.1.2b Specifies the near-misses are to be reported and tracked within the ROP
 - ▶ 7.1.3 Identifies methods for staff to report patient safety events and unsafe conditions (including reporting anonymously)
 - ▶ 7.1.4 Encourages timely reporting
 - ▶ 7.1.5 Specifies periodic reporting back to staff
 - ▶ 7.1.6 Specifies that procedures are not started until all questions and/or concerns are resolved.
 - ▶ 7.1.7 Provides assurances that there will be no reprisals
 - ▶ 7.1.8 Identifies a role for patients
 - ▶ 7.1.9 Accountability within the practice leadership

Data Source 3: Site Interview

▶ Standard 7: Culture of Safety (*team*)

- ▶ 7.2 Interdisciplinary safety round
 - ▶ Which professional disciplines are presented
 - ▶ How does your ROP review patient safety event data
 - ▶ How does your ROP proactively assess its structure and processes to promote safety?
 - ▶ Describe a recent plan to improve safety at your ROP
- ▶ 7.4 Patient safety organization (PSO)
 - ▶ Does your ROP participate in a patient safety organization?

Data Source 3: Site Interview

- ▶ **Standard 8: Radiation Safety (physicist)**
 - ▶ 8.4.1 The ROP conducts radiation surveys pre- and post-treatment for brachytherapy and radiopharmaceutical procedures *(Mandatory)*
 - ▶ When are radiation surveys performed on patients
 - ▶ 8.5.1 The ROP utilizes imaging protocol for simulation and treatment
 - ▶ How do you know what protocols to follow when performing imaging procedures on patients?
- ▶ **Standard 9: Emergency preparation and planning (team)**
 - ▶ 9.1.1 The ROP has a written plan for patient clinical emergencies
 - ▶ How do you respond to a patient clinical emergency?
 - ▶ 9.2.1 The ROP identifies and plans for power failure
 - ▶ What do you do in the event of a power failure?

Data Source 3: Site Interview

- ▶ **Standard 9: Emergency preparation and planning (team)**
 - ▶ 9.2.2 The ROP identifies and plans for information system failure
 - ▶ What do you do if your information system is not functional?
 - ▶ 9.2.3 The ROP identifies and plans for radioactive material release
 - ▶ What steps do you take in the event of a radioactive material release from your ROP?
 - ▶ 9.2.4 The ROP identifies and plans for external threats
 - ▶ What external threat is most concerning to your ROP?
 - ▶ What do you do in the event that it happens
- ▶ **Standard 10: Facility and Equipment (physicist and team)**
 - ▶ 10.1 The ROP provides radiation shielding for each radiation area
 - ▶ How was the current workload calculated, and how does it compare with what was initially used to design the shielding
 - ▶ Review shielding calculation documents
 - ▶ Review radiation survey documents

Data Source 3: Site Interview

- ▶ **Standard 10: Facility and Equipment (physicist and team)**
 - ▶ 10.2 The ROP provides functional audio and video patient monitoring system in all treatment rooms *(Mandatory)*
 - ▶ 10.3 The ROP performs radiation therapy simulations, including at a minimum CT simulation
 - ▶ How do you ensure that patient positioning from simulation to treatment is reproducible?
 - ▶ What staff is required to perform a radiation simulation?
 - ▶ What patient-specific considerations do you need to be aware of before starting a radiation simulation
 - ▶ How would you know if a patient received previous radiation therapy?
 - ▶ 10.4 The ROP has an infection control program *(Mandatory)*
 - ▶ What steps do you take to control the risk of infection between treatment of patients?
 - ▶ What happens to non-custom patient positioning devices between patients

Data Source 3: Site Interview

- ▶ **Standard 11: Information System**
 - ▶ 11.2 The ROP designates authorized users (*team*)
 - ▶ How are access rights to information systems differentiated among types of users?
 - ▶ How is unauthorized access to information systems prevented?
 - ▶ 11.3 The ROP conducts a QA program for each information system (*physicist*)
 - ▶ Acceptance testing
 - ▶ Commissioning
 - ▶ Ongoing QA
 - ▶ Verify the fidelity of information transfer between systems
 - ▶ 11.4 The ROP ensures staff receives training (*physicist*)
 - ▶ Review documentation of staff training
 - ▶ 11.6 The ROP enables optional software to improve safety (*physicist and team*)

Data Source 3: Site Interview

- ▶ **Standard 12: QM of Treatment Procedures (*physicist*)**
 - ▶ 12.1 Equipment QA (*Mandatory*) review documentation
 - ▶ 12.1.1 EBRT QA: dosimetry checks, mechanical checks, safety checks, and respiratory management checks
 - ▶ 12.1.2 Brachytherapy QA: dosimetry checks, mechanical checks, safety checks.
 - ▶ 12.1.3 QA of measurement equipment
 - ▶ 12.1.4 Acceptance testing, clinical commissioning and clinical release
 - ▶ 12.1.5 End-to-end dosimetry system testing
 - ▶ 12.1.6 Simulation QA: dosimetry checks, mechanical checks, safety checks, and respiratory management checks
 - ▶ 12.2 Maintaining systems: PMI and reinstating clinical use status
 - ▶ Mechanical systems, electronic systems, software systems
 - ▶ 12.3 Trend analysis: machine calibration, QA results, downtime and service reports

Data Source 3: Site Interview

- ▶ **Standard 13: Peer Review of Clinical Processes (*team*) (*Mandatory*)**
 - ▶ 13.1.1 Objective of peer review program
 - ▶ 13.1.2 Frequency of peer review
 - ▶ 13.1.3 Number, type and frequency of cases for peer review
 - ▶ 13.1.4 Professional feedback and future learning
- ▶ **Standard 15: Patient Education (*team*)**
 - ▶ Who is responsible to provide patients about the cost of treatment, and what process do they follow to obtain and provide the information
 - ▶ Review written and online education materials
 - ▶ What therapeutic interventions do you provide to manage side effects, and what do you refer to another specialist?
- ▶ **Standard 16: Performance Measurement and Outcomes Reporting (*team*)**
 - ▶ 16.1.1 The ROP measures and evaluates, at least annually, the patient experience

Outline

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APEx-Preparer's perspective

- ▶ City of Hope National Medical Center
 - ▶ A comprehensive cancer center designated by NCI, including Beckman Research Institute, Helford clinical research hospital and a biomedical graduate school, resides on 110 acre of land northeast of Los Angeles, with 3,000 employees.
 - ▶ Department of Radiation Oncology has 1,200 new start patients annually
- ▶ Self Assessment Process
 - ▶ Medical records abstraction: 20 charts, 94% Level 1 and 76% Level 2
 - ▶ Current medication, pregnancy status, communication to outside providers, treatment planning directive...
 - ▶ Document upload: 87% Level 1 and 92% Level 2
 - ▶ SOP SRS, XRT, IORT, physicist/dosimetrist staffing level, tracking PR changes, QMP trend analysis
 - ▶ Interview preparation: 97% Level 1 and 100% Level 2
- ▶ Preparer's Perspective
 - ▶ ROP will improve through the self-assessment process

APEx-Surveyor's perspective

- ▶ 5 facility visits (2 in 2016, 1 in 2017 and 2 in 2018)
 - ▶ Facility A: a major academic radiation oncology department
 - ▶ Facility B: a regional community cancer centers with 5 locations
 - ▶ Facility C: a national recognized top radiation oncology program with proton modality
 - ▶ Facility D: a regional academic radiation oncology department
 - ▶ Facility E: a regional community cancer centers with 5 locations
- ▶ APEx physics retreat (2017)
 - ▶ Three physics surveyors were invited to attend with APEx committee members to discuss minimum requirements
- ▶ Surveyor's perspective
 - ▶ A medical physicist should play a leading role in preparation for APEx
 - ▶ Each evidence indicator should be addressed in the self-assessment process

Summary

- ▶ APEX uses document upload, medical record abstraction and onsite interview to assess ROP to ensure appropriate systems and processes are in place.
- ▶ A medical physicist should play a leading role in APEX preparation.
- ▶ ROP will improve through self-assessment process. Working at each and every evidence indicator will get the ROP ready for accreditation.
