



Consideration for Further Pulmonary Toxicity Reduction with 4DCT Derived Functional Avoidance Intensity Modulated Proton Therapy

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Conflict of Interest

- Nothing to declare

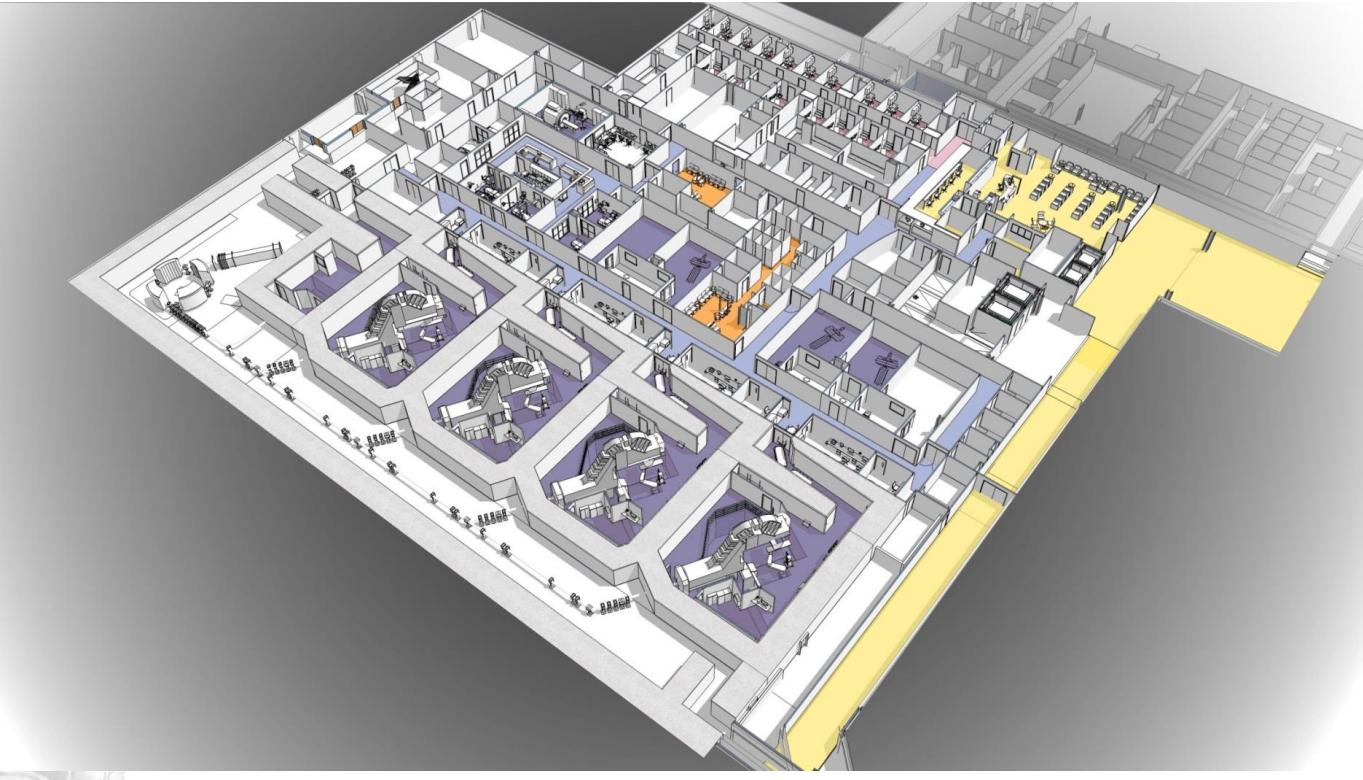
AAPM 2019 JUL 14–18



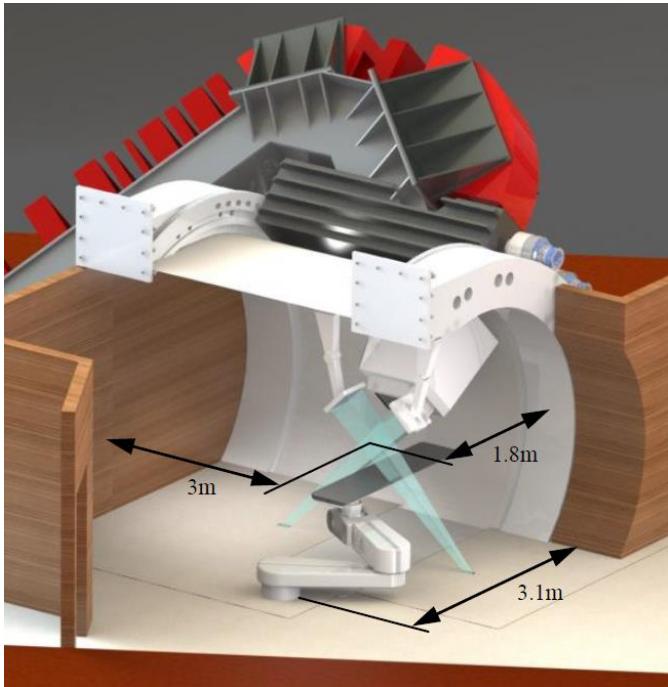
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Mayo Jacobson Proton Center



Mayo Jacobson Proton Center

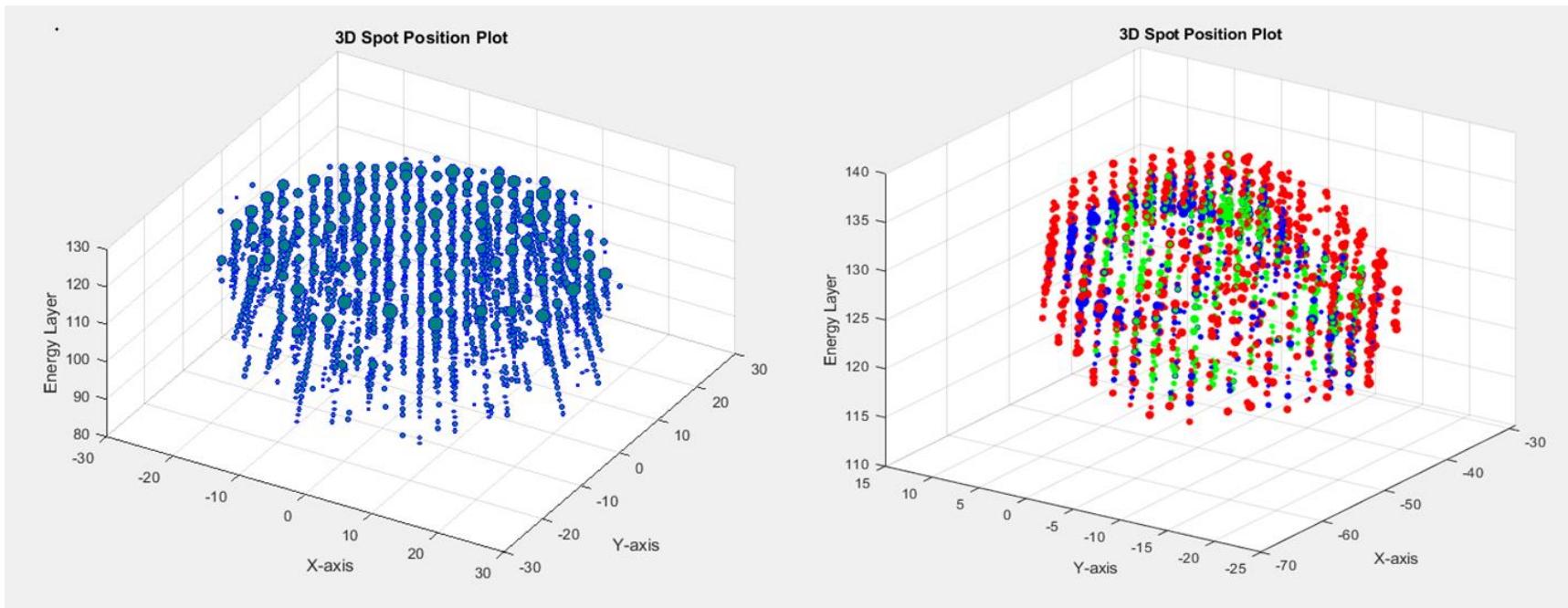


Half Gantry



CT on Rails

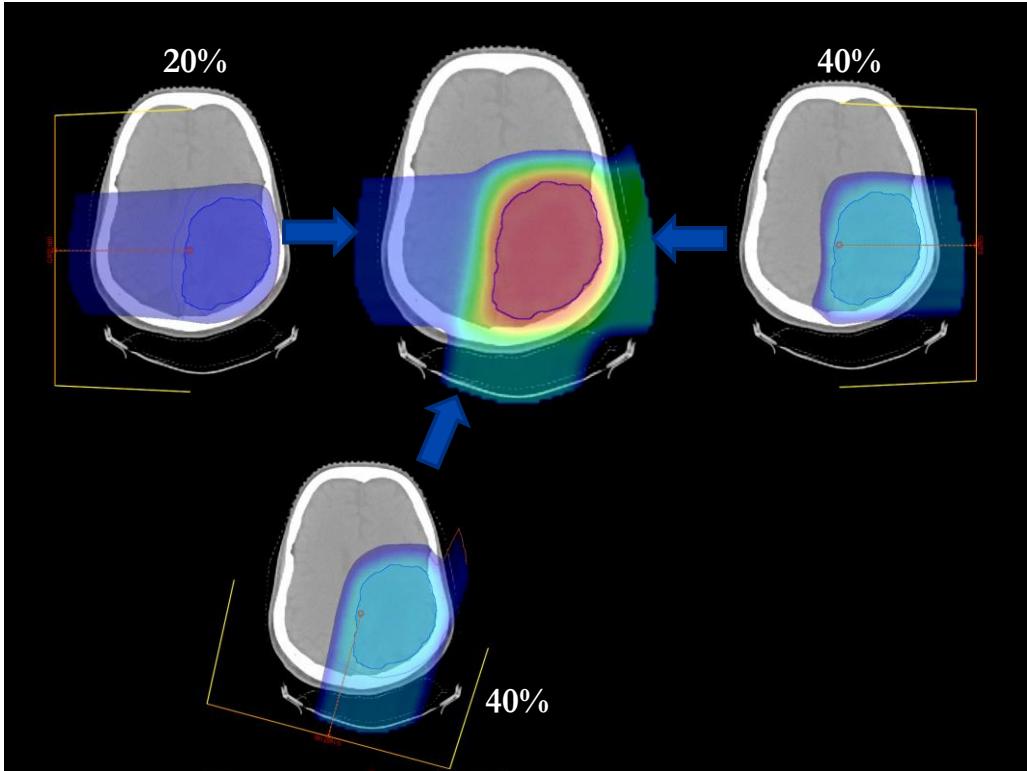
Spot Scanning Proton Treatment Planning



Single Proton Field

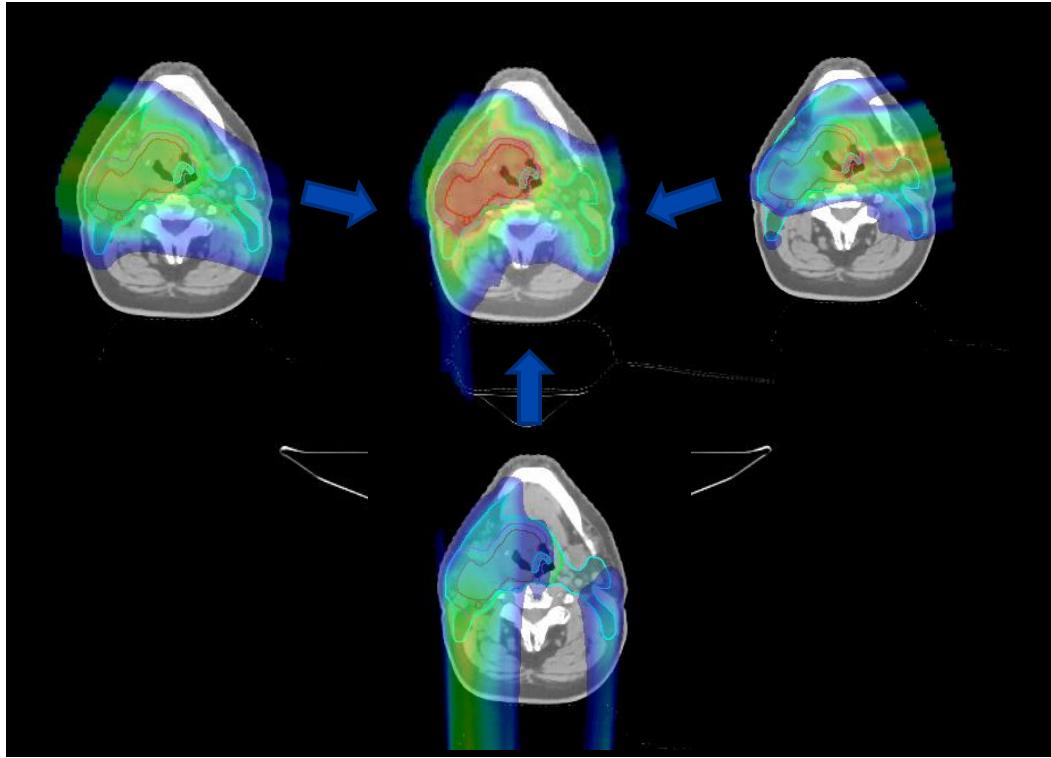
Three Proton Fields

Spot Scanning Proton Treatment Planning



- SFO: Single Field Optimized
- Each field uniformly covers target volume
- May include concomitant boost volumes
- More robust than MFO
- Less ability to sculpt dose around critical structures

Spot Scanning Proton Treatment Planning

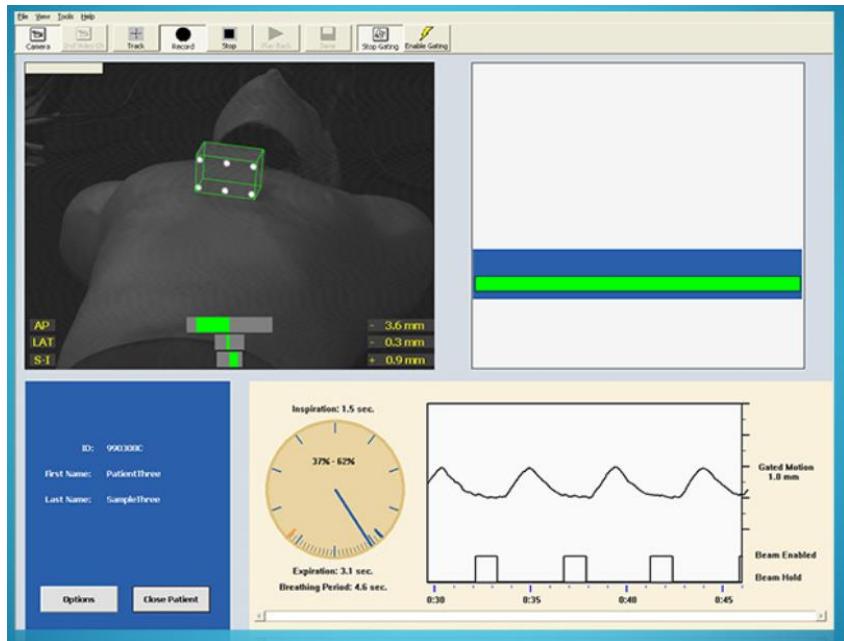


- MFO: Multi Field Optimized
- Fields don't necessarily deliver uniform dose to target
- Hot and cold spots from various beams compensate each other
- May be less robust than SFO
- More flexibility

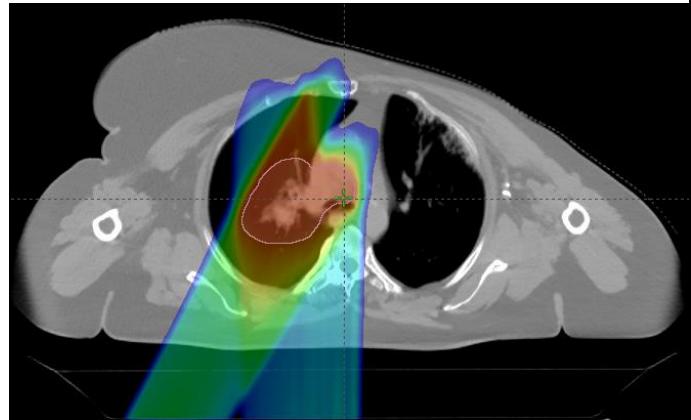
Robust Optimization with IMPT



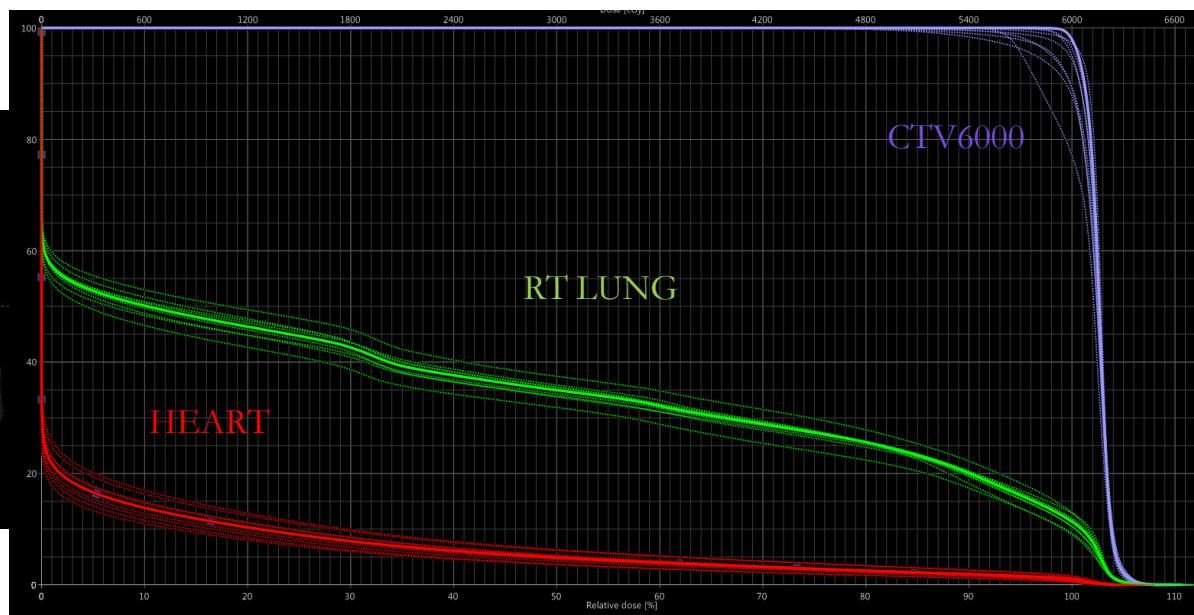
Proton Simulation for Lung Patients



IMPT Treatment Planning for Lungs

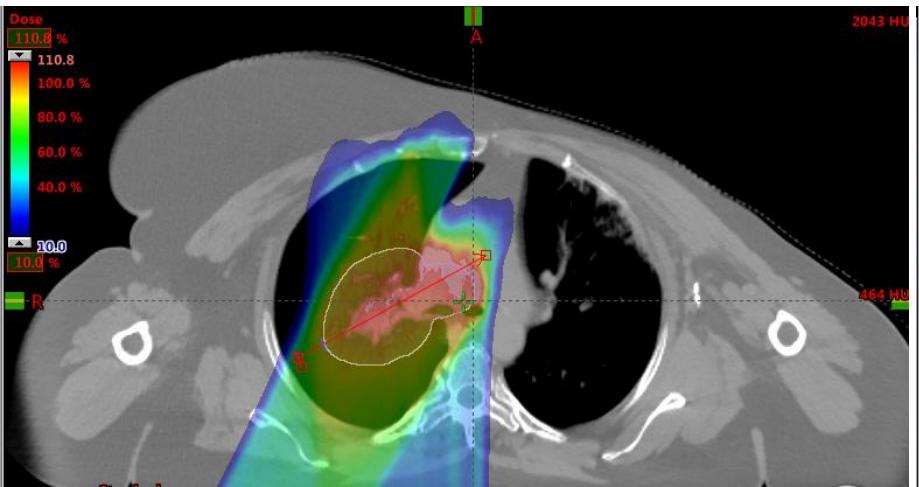


Two-field MFO Plan

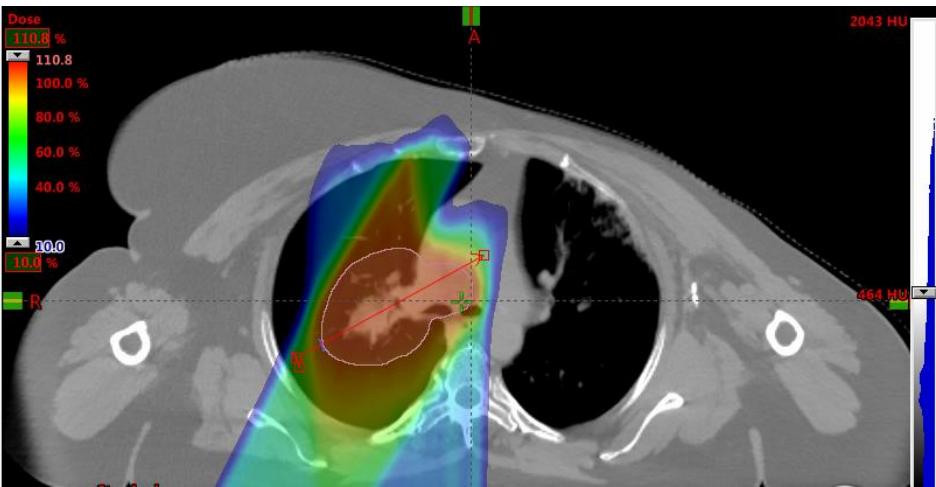


Jon Kruse

Robust Lung Plan Evaluation: Monte Carlo Dose



Monte Carlo Dose

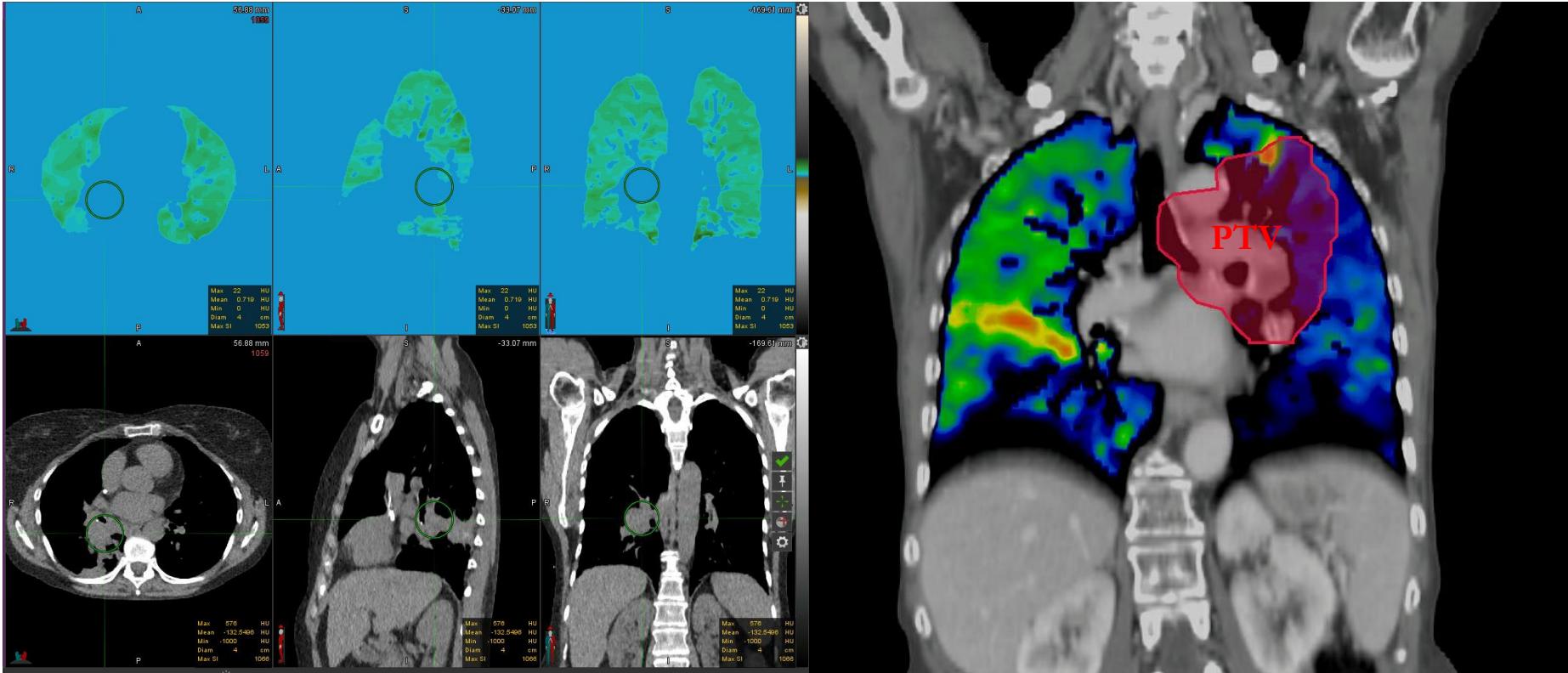


Eclipse Dose



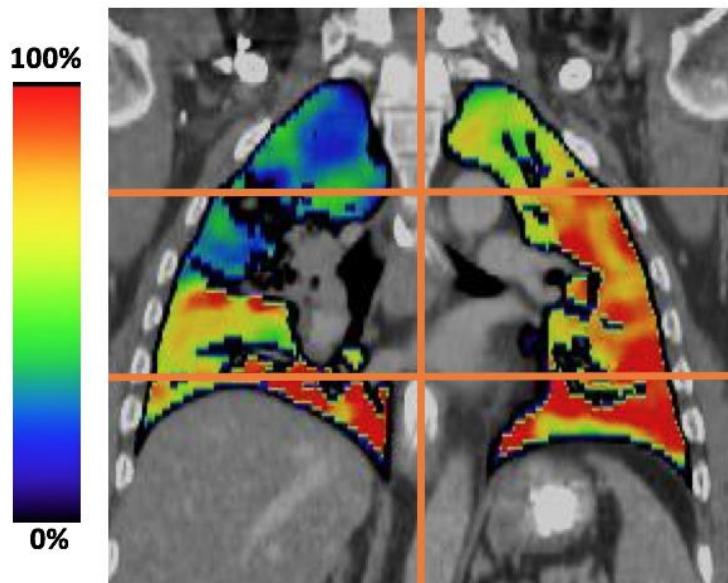
Jon Kruse

Virtual Histology of the Human Lung Tissue

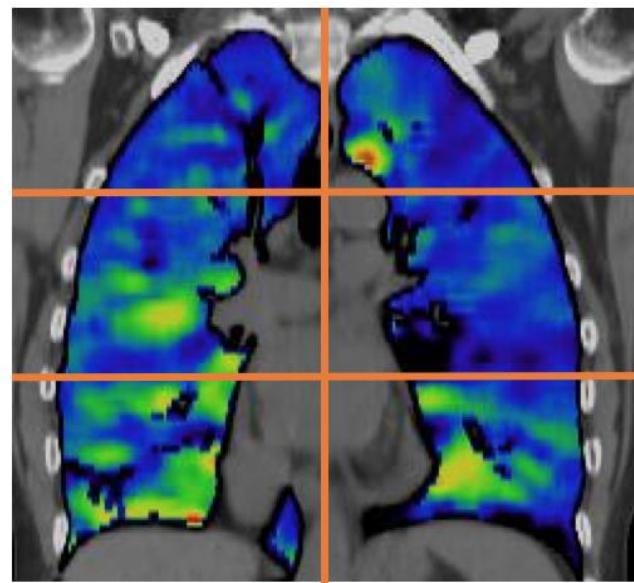


4DCT Derived Functional Pulmonary Ventilation Map

Heterogeneous ventilation
Suitable for functional sparing

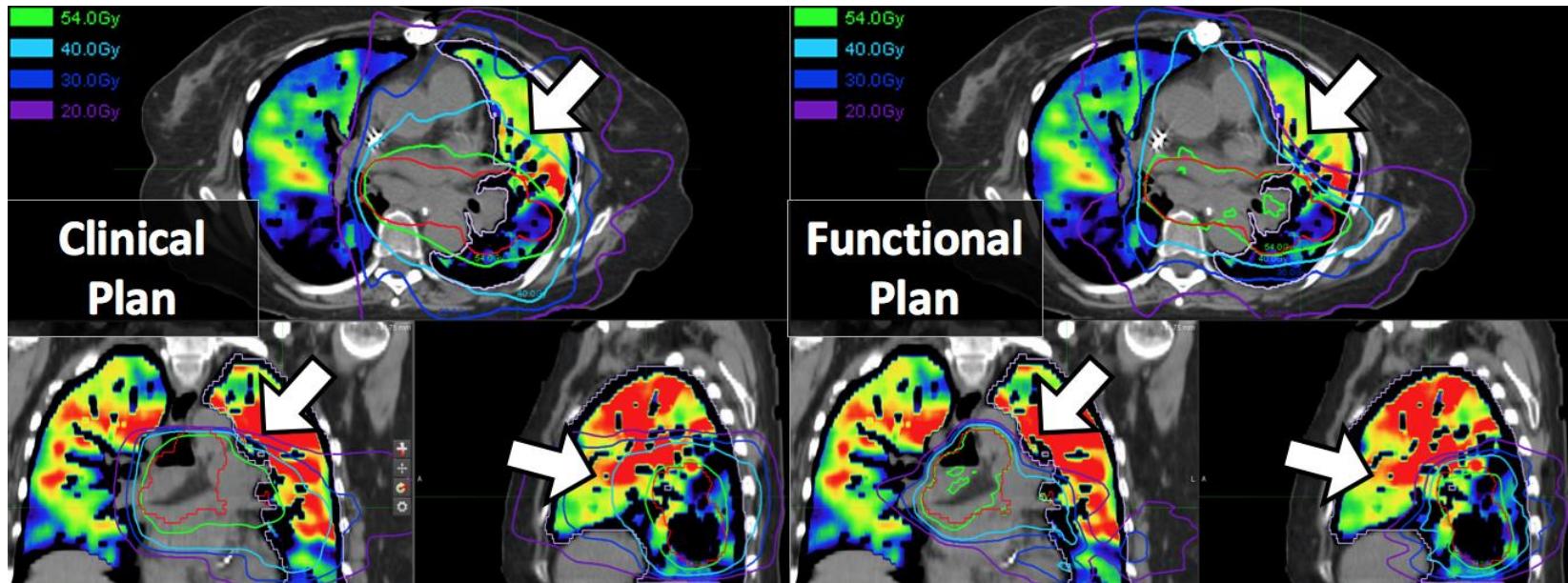


Homogenous ventilation
Not-suitable for functional sparing



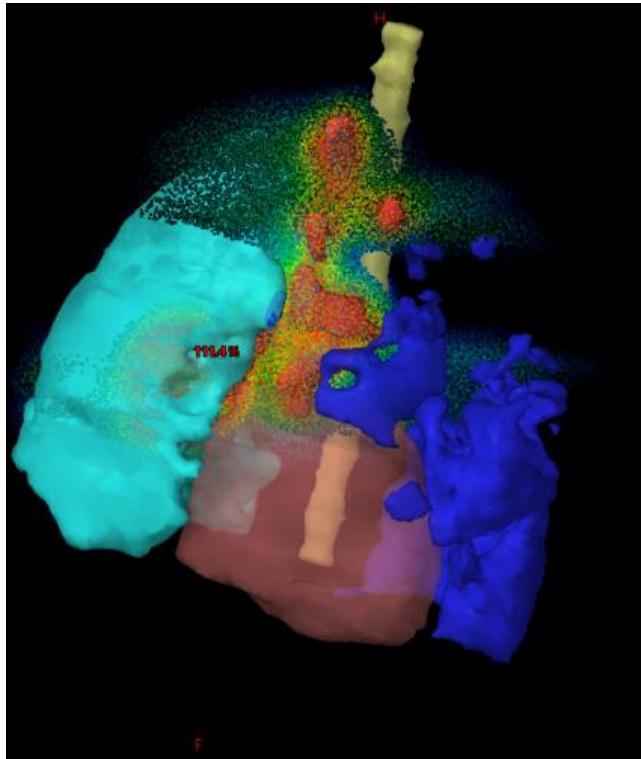
Yevgeniy (Jenia) Vinogradskiy

Pulmonary Functional Avoidance based Treatment Planning with VMAT

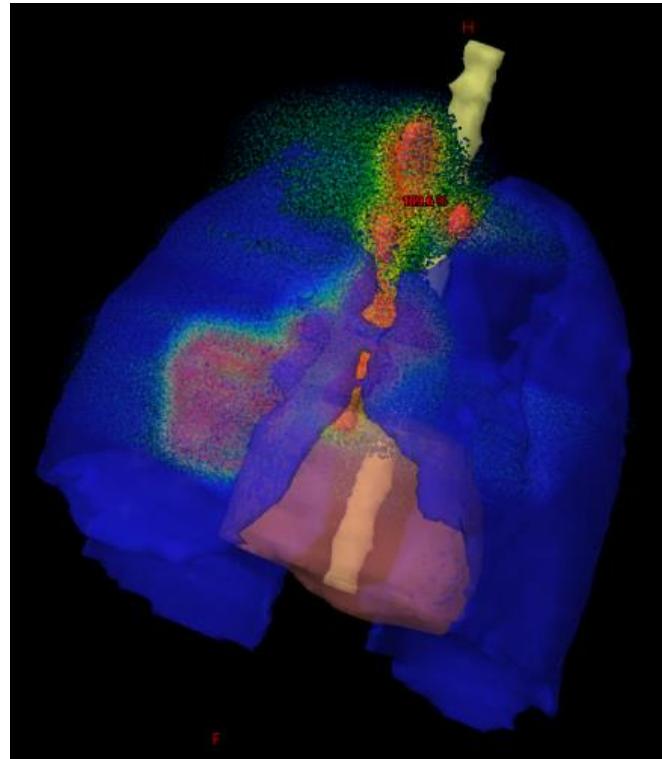


Yevgeniy (Jenia) Vinogradskiy

Functional Lung Structures vs Normal Lung Structures



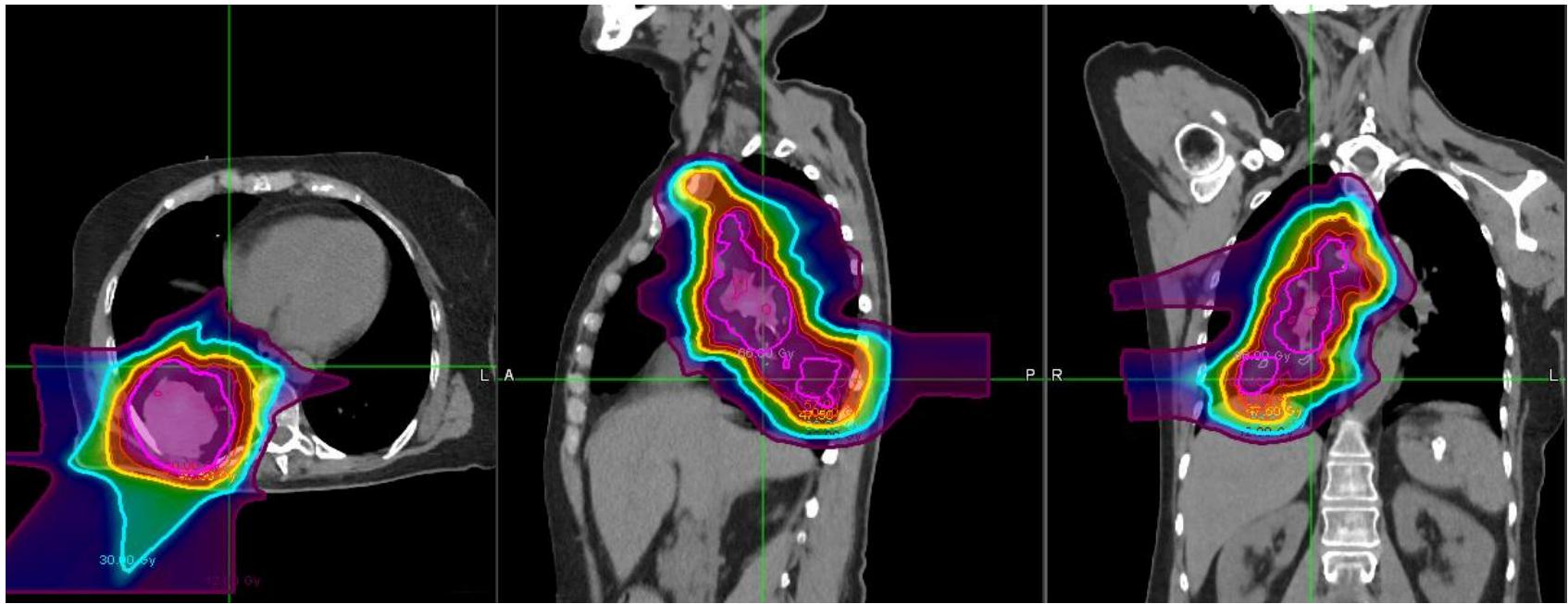
Functional Lungs



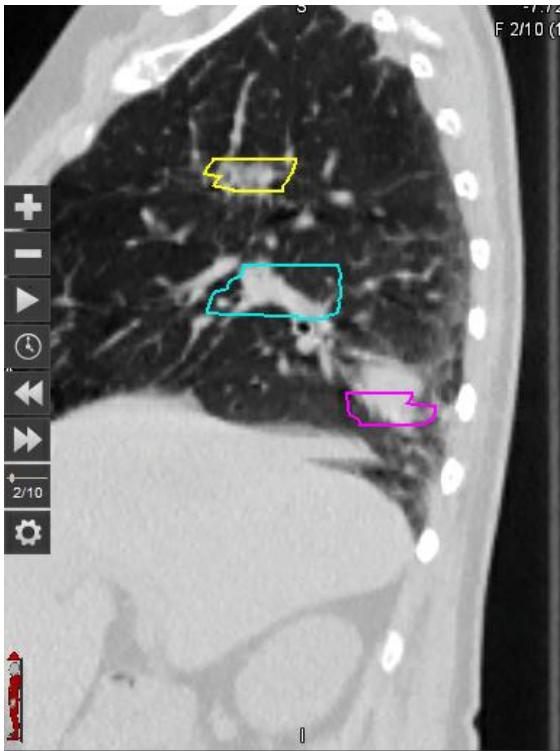
Total Lungs

Clinical Lung Treatment Plans with IMPT

20% to 70% Phase Gated Lung Plan



Tumor Motion Evaluation in MIM



zzMotion 1

Max Centroid Motion in X (R/L) Direction (cm)	0.26
Max Centroid Motion in Y (A/P) Direction (cm)	0.12
Max Centroid Motion in Z (S/I) Direction (cm)	0.55
Max Radial Motion Vector (cm)	0.62

zzMotion 2

Max Centroid Motion in X (R/L) Direction (cm)	0.15
Max Centroid Motion in Y (A/P) Direction (cm)	0.23
Max Centroid Motion in Z (S/I) Direction (cm)	0.64
Max Radial Motion Vector (cm)	0.7

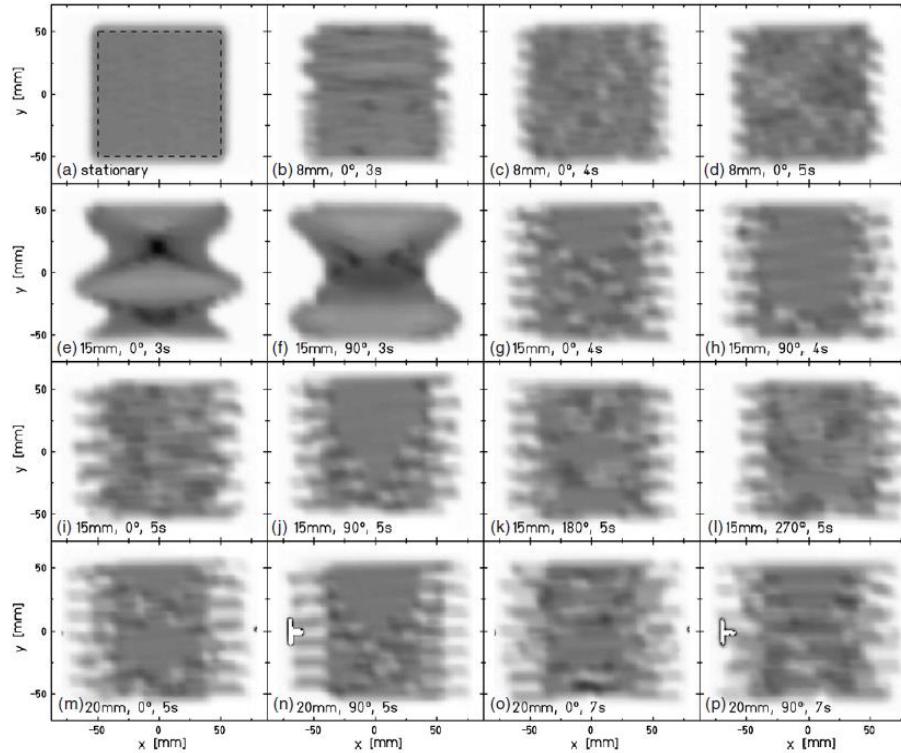
zzMotion 3

Max Centroid Motion in X (R/L) Direction (cm)	0.13
Max Centroid Motion in Y (A/P) Direction (cm)	0.27
Max Centroid Motion in Z (S/I) Direction (cm)	0.34
Max Radial Motion Vector (cm)	0.45

Interplay Effects

Interplay of motion and scanned particle beams

2257



Experimentally Measured Synchrotron Timing

Schematic of Proton Delivery Timing In Mayo Synchrotron

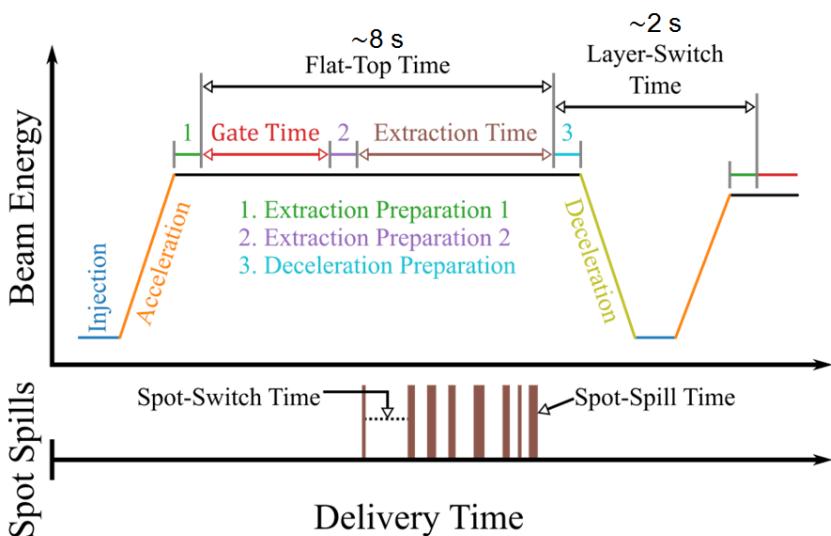


TABLE II. The vendor-provided (nominal) and experimentally determined parameters used as the input for the model to calculate the beam delivery time.

Parameter	Nominal values	Experimental values
Total charge (nC)	2	2.0 ± 0.4
Flat top time (s)	8	7.87 ± 0.07
Extraction time (s)	7.93	7.80 ± 0.07 1.90; E<200.4 MeV
Layer switch time (s)	1.905	2.05; E=200.4 MeV 2.00; E>200.4 MeV 5.0; high E group
Effective magnet scanning speed, V_x (m/s)	6	5.7; medium E group 7.0; low E group 17.1; high E group
Effective magnet scanning speed, V_y (m/s)	10	18.2; medium E group 22.2; low E group
Magnet preparation/verification time (ms)	2.2	1.93 ± 0.02 9.8; high E group
Proton spill rate (MU/s) ^a	—	8.1; medium E group 8.5; low E group

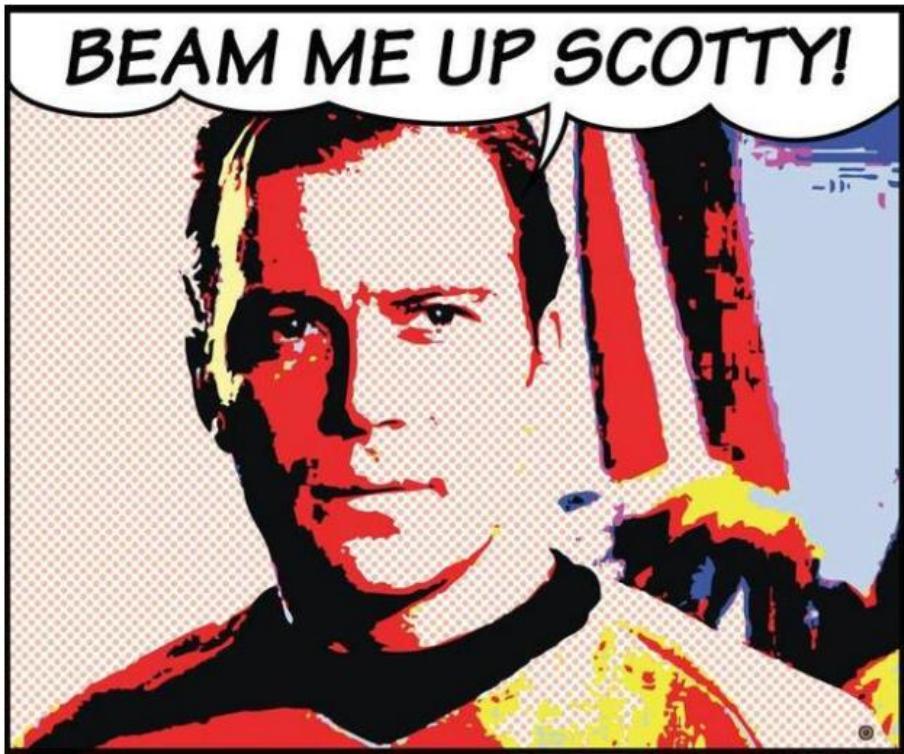
^aVendor did not give a specific proton spill rate. Experimentally measured proton spill rates were also used as the nominal values.

Shen et al

Mayo 4D Dynamic Dose Simulator - SCOTTY

```
[dougherty@enterprise tools]$ vim scotty_inputs.txt
[dougherty@enterprise tools]$ scotty_master.sh
=====
+-----+
+~~~ Scotty (beta)   $$ $$ ++
+ SS Mayo's GPU-Based 4D-Dose Calculator   $$ ++
+~~~ ++
+-----+
scotty_master - Beam us up, Scotty!
      Aye Aye Sir, starting the calculation!
scotty_master - Working on archiveScotty.sh
    -> Preparing
    -> Running 'archiveScotty.sh -dataDirectory /data/dougherty/cu
eMapping 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 -log files'
    -> Completed
scotty_master - Working on Generate4DSpockCommandFiles.py
    -> Preparing
    -> Running 'Generate4DSpockCommandFiles.py -dataDirectory /dat
Phases4DCT 10 -folderPhaseMapping 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 -spockSeed -1
/usr/lib/python2.7/site-packages/dicom/_init__.py:53: UserWarning:
This code is using an older version of pydicom, which is no longer
maintained as of Jan 2017. You can access the new pydicom features
by installing `pydicom` from PyPI.
See 'Transitioning to pydicom 1.x' section at pydicom.readthedocs.o
for more information.

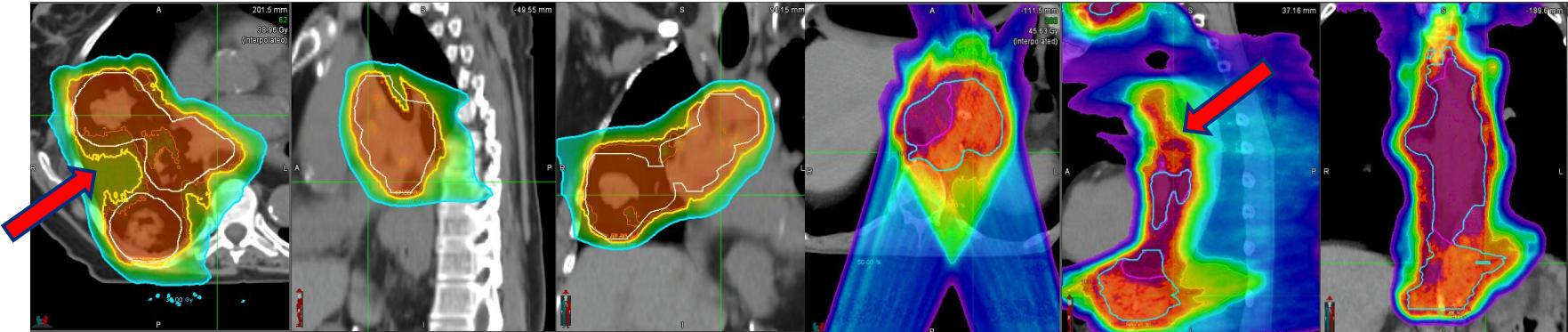
    warnings.warn(msg)
```



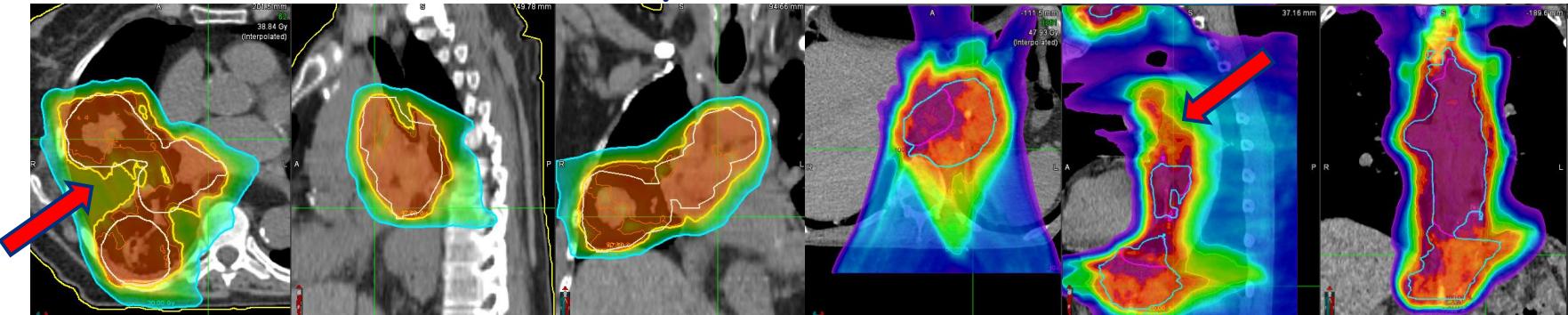
Pepin et al

Proton Interplay Effect Dose Degradation

Original Planning Dose – Monte Carlo



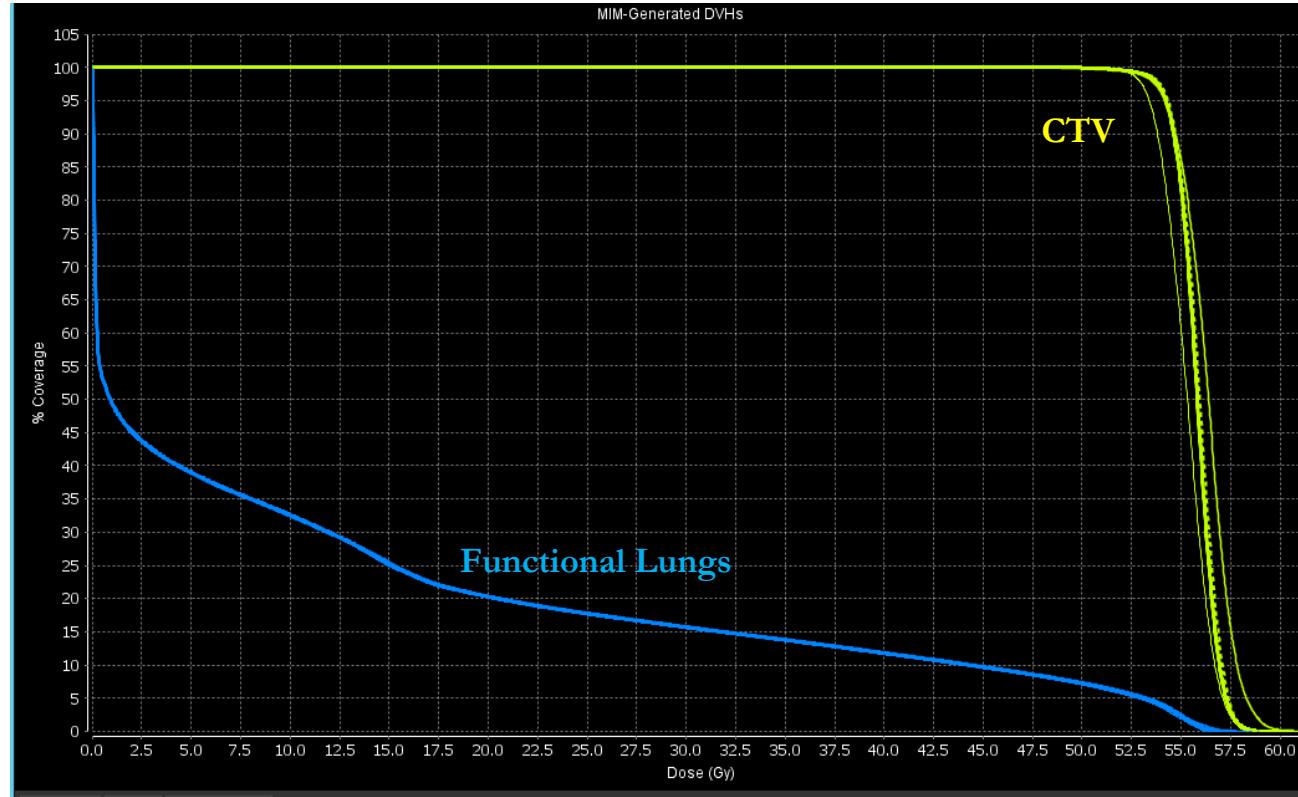
4D Dynamic Dose – Monte Carlo



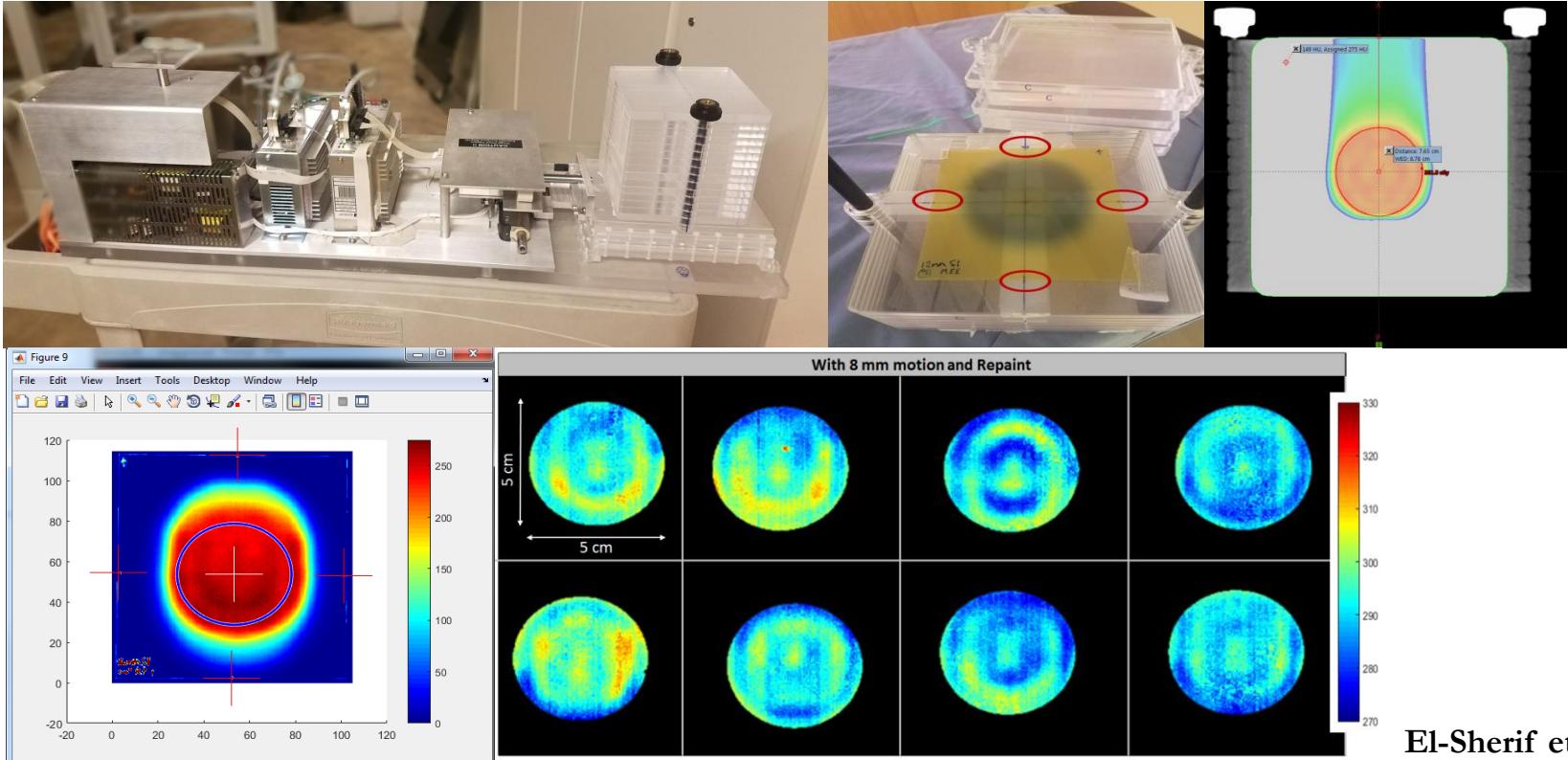
Lung Case

Esophagus Case

Interplay Effect Causing Dose Distribution Uncertainty



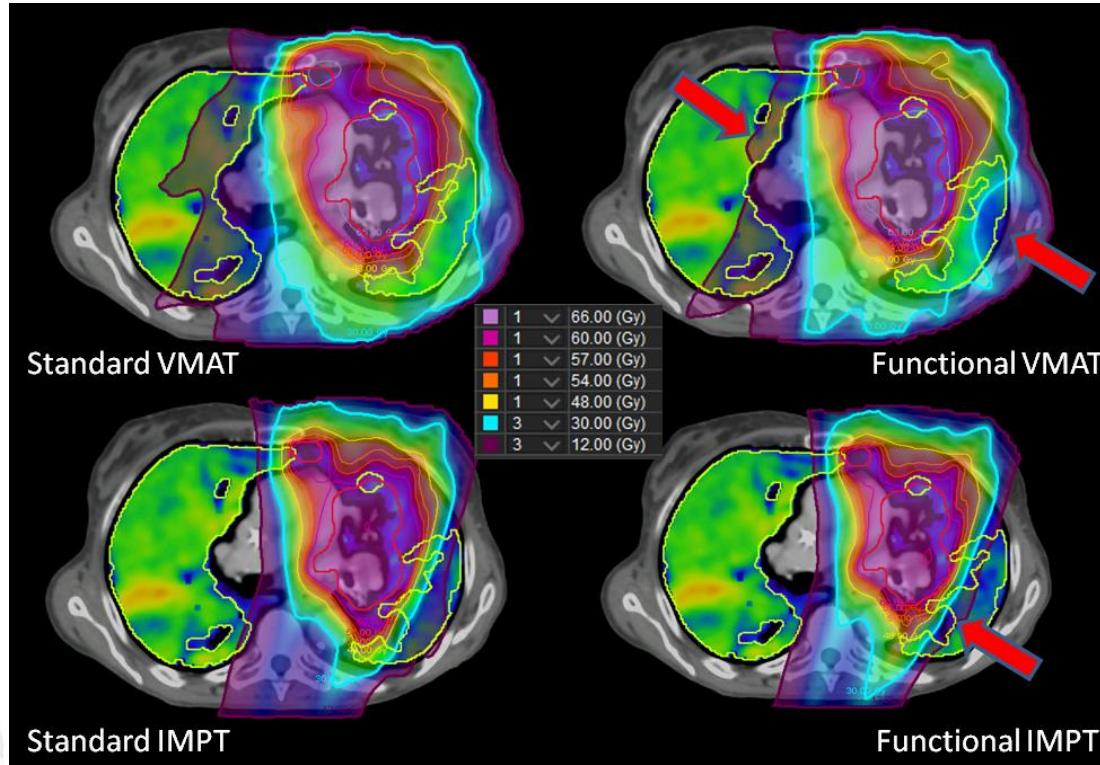
Experimental Validation with EBT3 Films



Dosimetric Comparison with VMAT plans

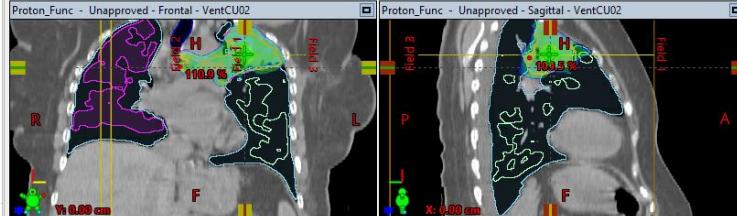
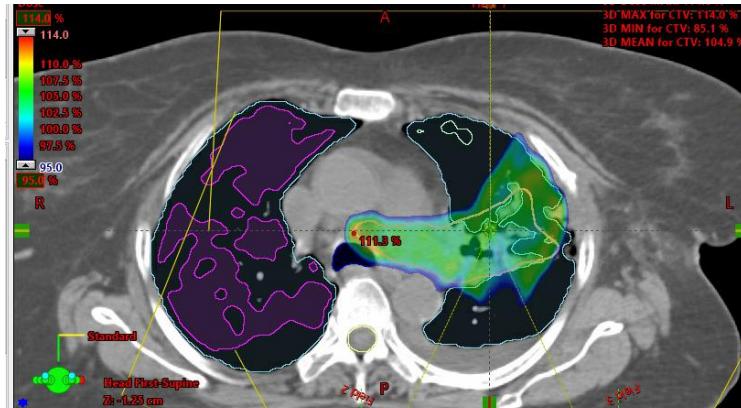
- 31 clinical trial ([NCT02528942](#)) patient data
- IMPT plans were created (standard and functional)
- 192 plans were reviewed (eclipse dose and MC dose)
- Motion evaluation
- 4D dynamic dose evaluated for selected patients

Dosimetric Comparison with VMAT plans

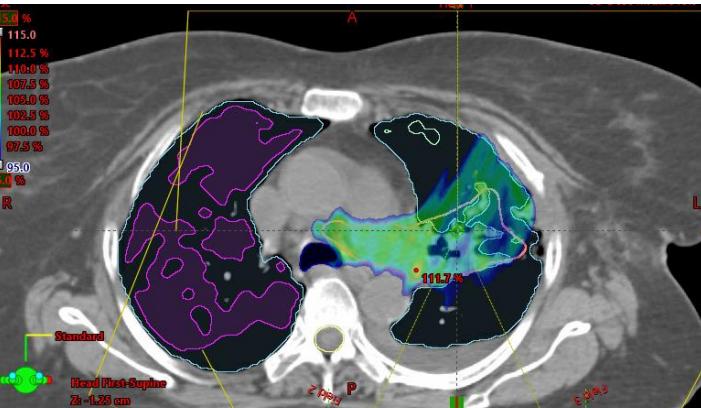


Dosimetric Considerations

Analytical Dose



Monte Carlo Dose

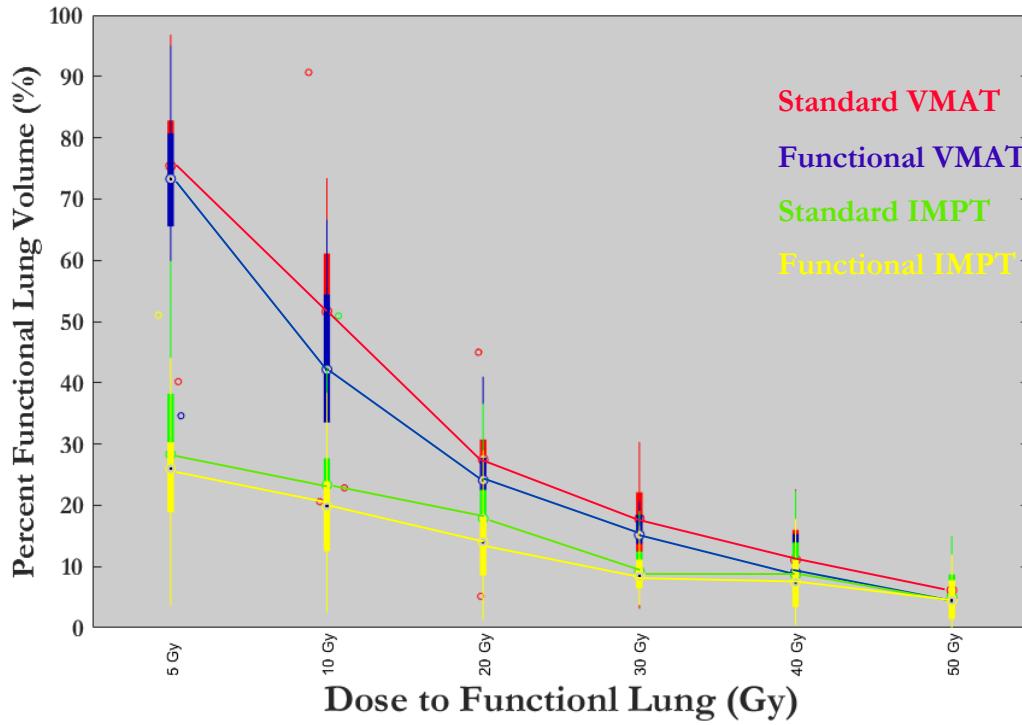


Dosimetric Comparison with VMAT plans

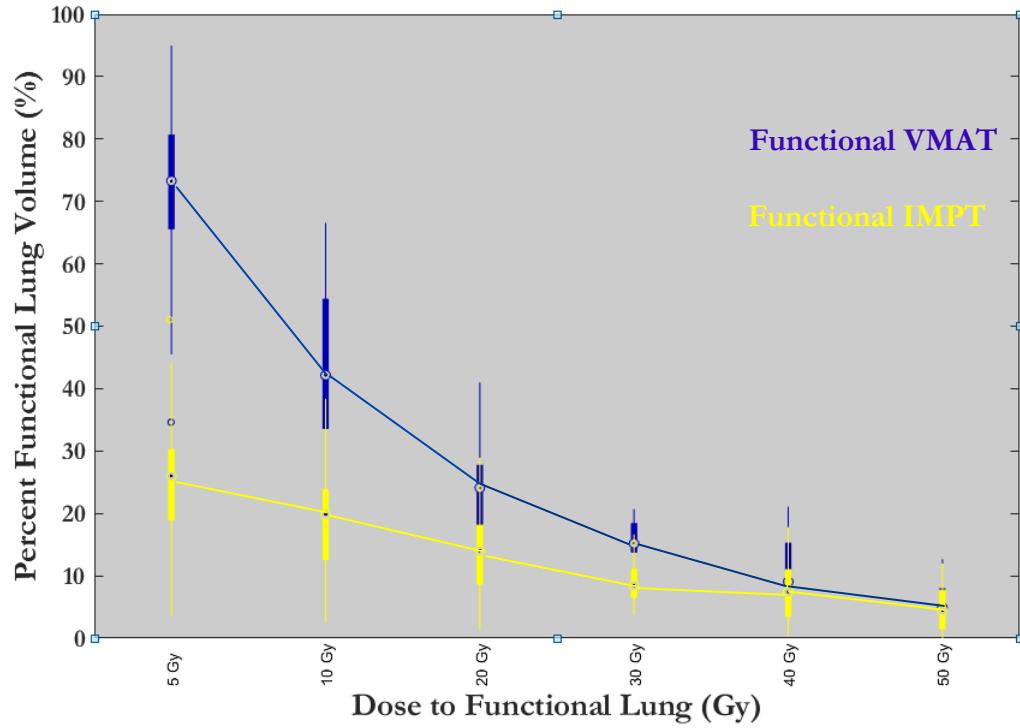
	Volumetric Arc Therapy			Intensity Modulated Proton		
	Standard Plan	Functional Plan	P- Value	Standard Plan	Functional Plan	P- Value
CTV Metrics						
CTV max (RBE[Gy])	70.93 (16)	71.45 (15.9)	0.1	62.09 (12.4)	62.86 (12.6)	<0.000
Conformity Index	2.22 (0.7)	2.15 (0.7)	<0.000	1.79 (0.4)	1.71 (0.4)	0.002
Homogeneity Index	1.22 (0.3)	1.23 (0.3)	0.02	1.10 (0.2)	1.11 (0.2)	0.001
OAR Metrics						
Total MLD (RBE[Gy])	16.14 (2.7)	15.28 (2.9)	<0.000	9.73 (3.3)	8.78 (2.9)	<0.000
Total Lung V20 (%)	27.57 (5.7)	25.50 (6.1)	<0.000	19.54 (6.8)	17.06 (5.7)	<0.000
Total Lung V5 (%)	66.8 (11.2)	64.89 (12.9)	0.005	29.80 (9.2)	27.67 (8.5)	<0.000
Esophagus Mean (RBE[Gy])	24.79 (8.2)	24.10 (8.6)	0.005	19.57 (10.0)	19.56 (10.1)	0.92
Heart Mean (RBE[Gy])	11.90 (6.2)	11.88 (6.4)	0.92	4.62 (2.9)	4.77 (3.5)	0.75
Cord Max (RBE[Gy])	36.18 (8.4)	36.72 (8.4)	0.46	31.84 (9.9)	33.57 (8.8)	0.1

	Volumetric Arc Therapy			Intensity Modulated Proton		
	Standard Plan	Functional Plan	P- value	Standard Plan	Functional Plan	P- value
Functional Lung Metrics						
Ipsilateral						
MLD (RBE[Gy])	24.38 (7.2)	22.49 (7.0)	<0.000	17.65 (7.6)	14.72 (6.7)	<0.000
Lung V5 (%)	77.9 (17.6)	76.5 (18.3)	0.005	53.81 (18.2)	48.10 (17.9)	<0.000
Lung V20 (%)	51.6 (17.1)	45.57 (16.9)	<0.000	35.83 (16.2)	28.05 (13.7)	<0.000
Lung V30 (%)	34.9 (16.1)	30.75 (14.8)	<0.000	26.70 (14.2)	21.25 (12)	<0.000
Contralateral						
MLD (RBE[Gy])	9.26 (3)	7.99 (2.7)	<0.000	1.75 (2.4)	1.66 (2.2)	0.74
Lung V5 (%)	69.6 (14.2)	66.08 (15.3)	0.015	8.24 (11.1)	6.88 (8.9)	0.002
Lung V20 (%)	5.79 (6.6)	4.10 (5.5)	<0.000	2.68 (4.7)	1.66 (3.1)	0.004
Lung V30 (%)	1.68 (3)	1.34(2.6)	0.013	1.02 (2.3)	0.75 (1.7)	0.015
Total Lung						
MLD (RBE[Gy])	16.05 (3.3)	14.49 (3.3)	<0.000	8.82 (3.9)	7.31 (3.3)	<0.000
Lung V5 (%)	73.7 (11.5)	71.06 (13.3)	0.003	28.78 (11.6)	25.40 (10.3)	<0.000
Lung V10 (%)	52.8 (13.7)	43.92 (12.8)	<0.000	24.47 (10.4)	20.20 (8.4)	<0.000
Lung V20 (%)	26.38 (8.3)	22.66 (8.2)	<0.000	17.59 (8.4)	13.48 (6.6)	<0.000
Lung V30 (%)	16.31 (6.9)	14.30 (6.6)	<0.000	12.49 (6.9)	9.89 (5.7)	<0.000
Lung V40 (%)	10.54 (6.0)	9.28 (5.7)	<0.000	9.01 (5.7)	7.32 (4.9)	<0.000
Lung V50 (%)	5.95 (4.2)	5.44 (4.2)	0.006	5.78 (4.1)	4.82 (3.6)	<0.000

Dose to Functional Lung Comparison

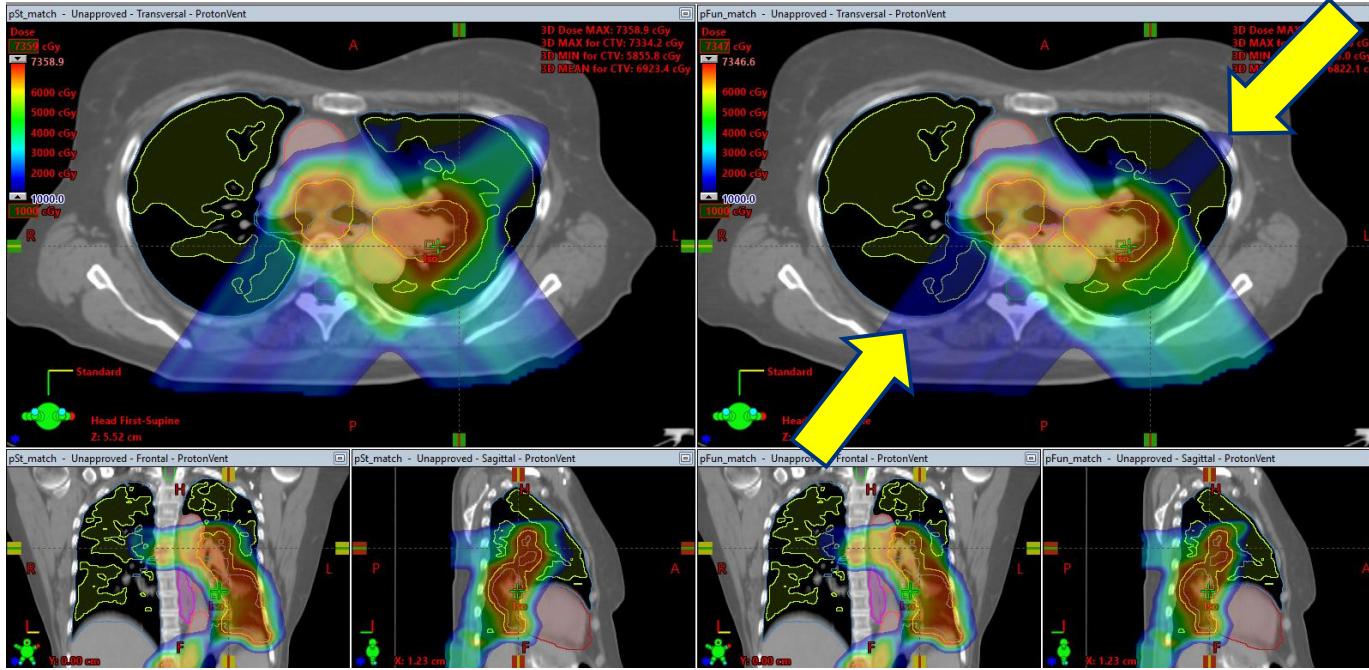


Dose to Functional Lung Comparison



Functional Sparing Comparisons

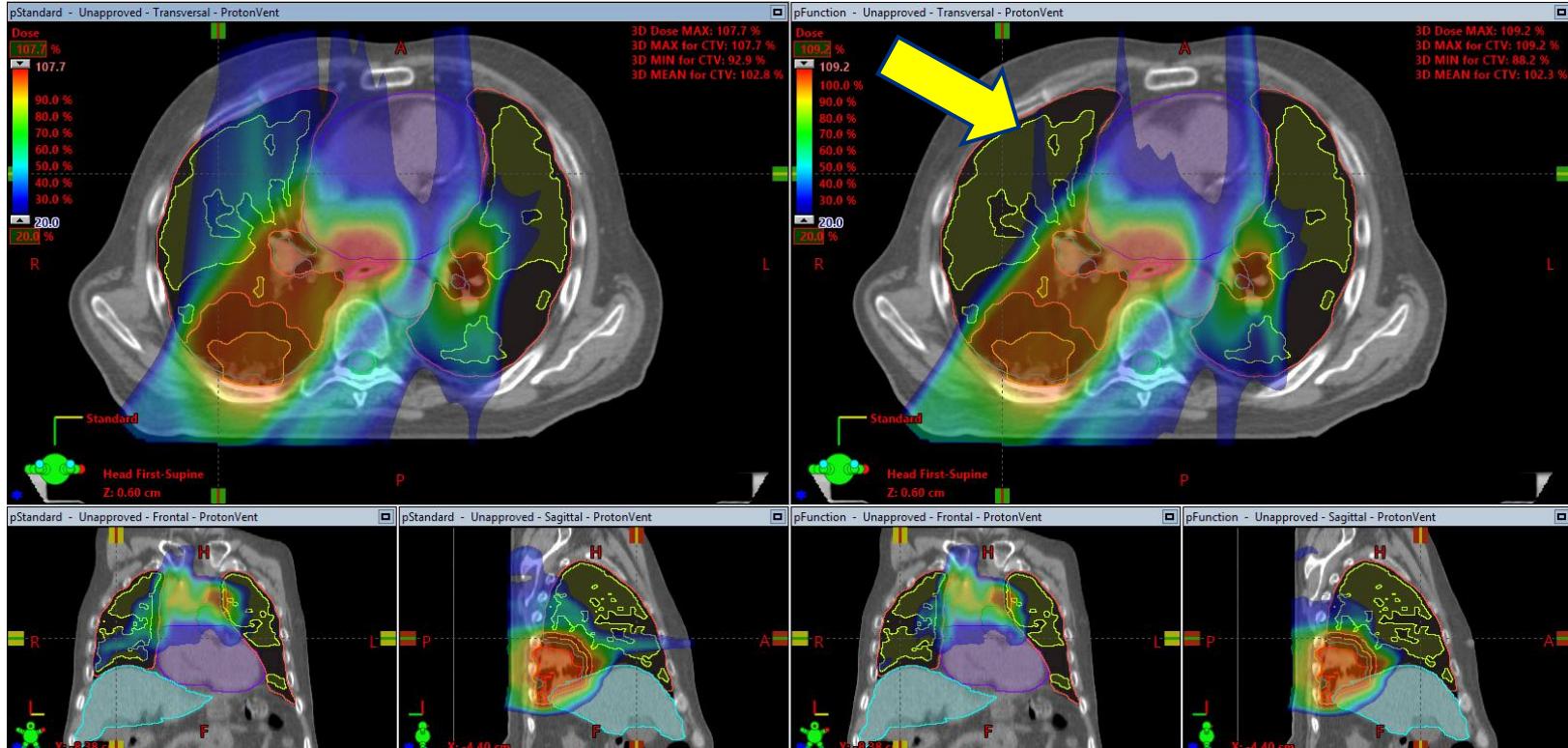
- Where does the functional dose sparing come from?



Standard IMPT

Functional IMPT

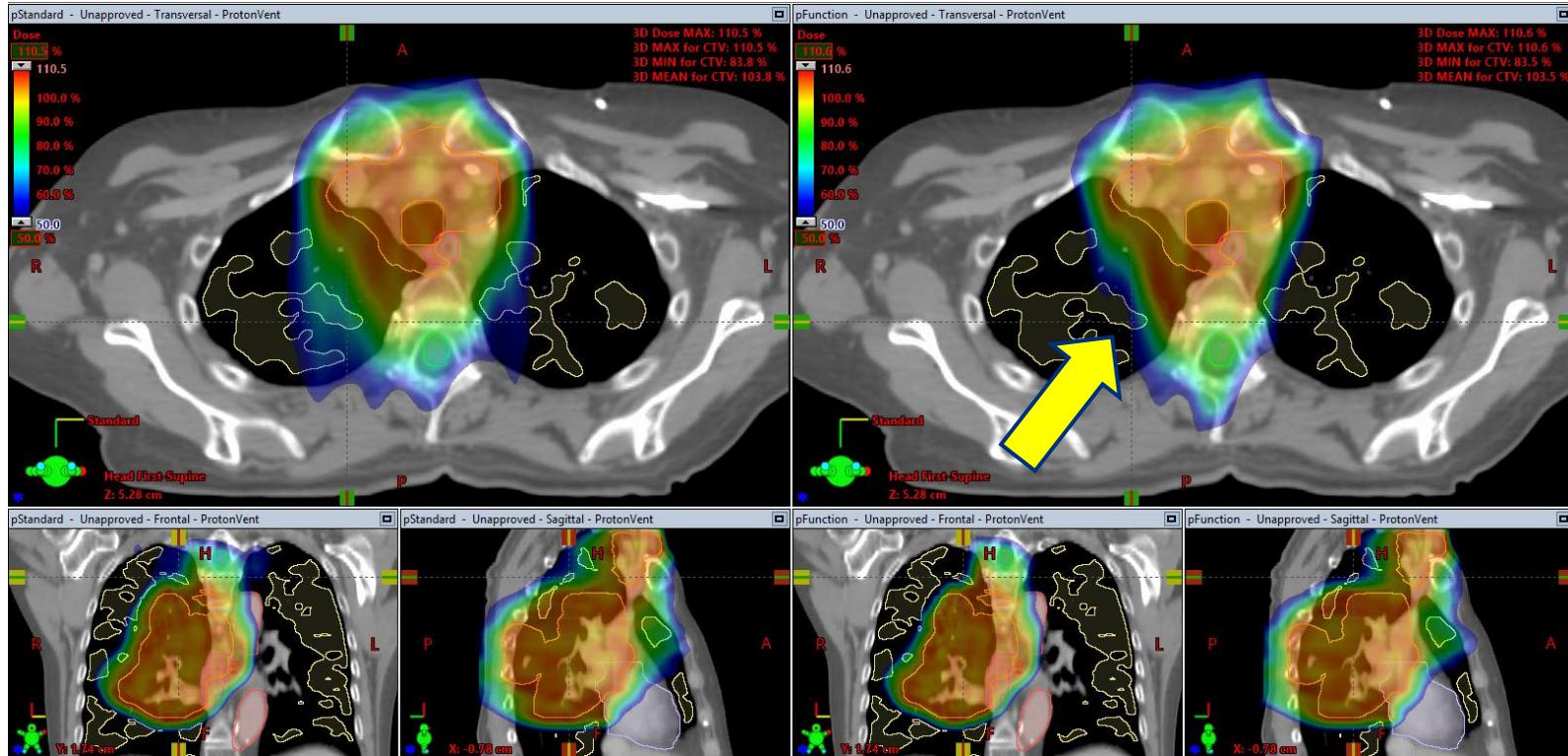
Functional Sparing Comparisons



Standard IMPT

Functional IMPT

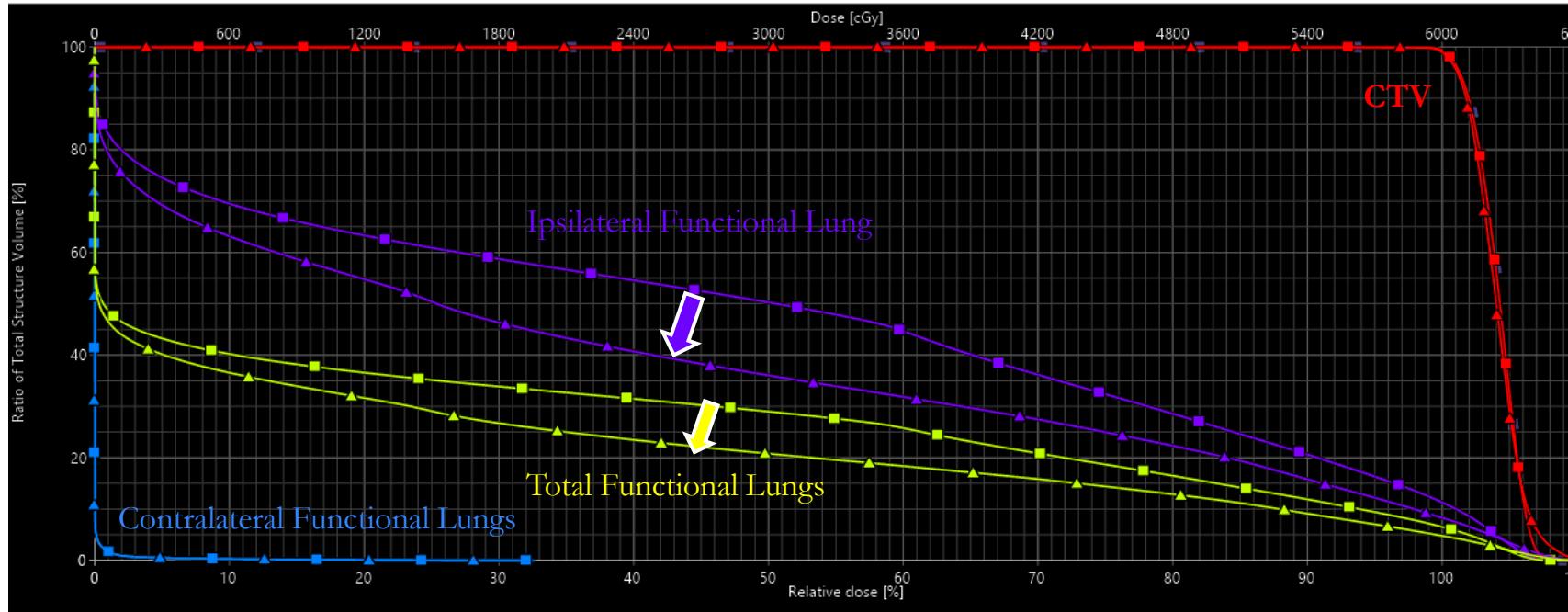
Functional Sparing Comparisons



Standard IMPT

Functional IMPT

Functional Sparing Comparisons



Prediction for Radiation Pneumonitis



International Journal of Radiation
Oncology*Biology*Physics
Volume 86, Issue 2, 1 June 2013, Pages 366-371



Physics Contribution

Use of 4-Dimensional Computed Tomography-Based Ventilation Imaging to Correlate Lung Dose and Function With Clinical Outcomes

Yevgeniy Vinogradskiy PhD * , Richard Castillo PhD †, Edward Castillo PhD ‡,§, Susan L. Tucker PhD †, Zhongxing Liao MD †, Thomas Guerrero MD, PhD ‡,§, Mary K. Martel PhD †

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<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ijrobp.2013.01.004>

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International Journal of Radiation
Oncology*Biology*Physics

Volume 99, Issue 2, 1 October 2017, Pages 325-333



Physics Contribution

Evaluating the Toxicity Reduction With Computed Tomographic Ventilation Functional Avoidance Radiation Therapy

Austin M. Faught PhD * , Yuya Miyasaka BS †, Noriyuki Kadoya PhD †, Richard Castillo PhD †, Edward Castillo PhD ‡, Yevgeniy Vinogradskiy PhD *, Tokihiro Yamamoto PhD †

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<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ijrobp.2017.04.024>

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Toxicity Reduction Analysis

Grade 2+ Toxicity

Dose Metric for NTCP	Toxicity Probability of the Mean - VMAT Standard	Toxicity Probability of the Mean - VMAT Functional	Absolute Reduction [Range of Reduction]
fV20Gy	31.3% [5.9%-67.8%]	25.1% [5.5%-60.2%]	6.2% [-0.1%-13.1%]
fV30Gy	24.5% [9%-50.1%]	21.5% [8.5%-45.8%]	3% [0.1%-7.4%]
fVMLD	24.1% [11.9%-33.4%]	21.8% [11.4%-31.5%]	2.3% [-0.1%-5.5%]
Dose Metric for NTCP	Toxicity Probability of the Mean - IMPT Standard	Toxicity Probability of the Mean - IMPT Functional	Absolute Reduction [Range of Reduction]
fV20Gy	17.6% [4.4%-51.3%]	12.7% [3.9%-36.1%]	5.70% [0%-26%]
fV30Gy	19% [7.9%-47.5%]	15.7% [7.3%-35.9%]	3.30% [0%-15.3%]
fVMLD	14.6% [7.7%-25.4%]	12.9% [7.4%-21.3%]	1.80% [0%-5.9%]

Toxicity Reduction Analysis

Grade 3+ Toxicity

Dose Metric for NTCP	Toxicity Probability of the Mean - VMAT Standard	Toxicity Probability of the Mean - VMAT Functional	Absolute Reduction [Range of Reduction]
fV20Gy	15.5% [2.9%-40.4%]	12.1% [2.7%-34.2%]	3.4% [-0.1%-8.1%]
fV30Gy	11.3% [3.6%-27.8%]	9.7% [3.4%-24.7%]	1.6% [0%-4.4%]
fVMLD	11.1% [4.9%-16.4%]	9.8% [4.7%-15.3%]	1.3% [0%-3%]
Dose Metric for NTCP	Toxicity Probability of the Mean - IMPT Standard	Toxicity Probability of the Mean - IMPT Functional	Absolute Reduction [Range of Reduction]
fV20Gy	8.4% [2.2%-27.7%]	6% [2%-18.1%]	2.4% [0%-15.4%]
fV30Gy	8.4% [3.1%-25.9%]	6.7% [2.9%-18%]	1.7% [0%-10.2%]
fVMLD	6.2% [3.1%-11.8%]	5.4% [2.9%-9.6%]	0.8% [0%-3.2%]

Summary

- 4DCT based lung functional avoidance proton therapy is clinically feasible
- Further dosimetric gains to functional lungs
- Reduce lung toxicity



Acknowledgement



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Sean Park

Mark Pepin

Alan Kraling

Kathy Hoeft





Thank you

